NEW YORK (R) — Half of all Americans think U.S. forces in and around Saudi Arabia are "very likely" to become engaged in combat, up from 31 per cent last month, a Newsweek poll showed. Another 31 per cent of the 759 people interviewed by telephone Jan. 3 and 4 said they thought it "somewhat likely" U.S. troops would see combat in the Gulf. Stry-one per cent of Americans think U.S. forces should engage in combat if Iraq refuses to leave Kuwait and restore its former government — up from 56 per cent last month and the highest figure to date. Seventy-three per cent of men who answered the poll were in favour of force and only 50 per cent of women. On the question of mining, a near-majority. 49 per cent, said President George Bush should begin near-majority, 49 per cent, said President George Bush should begin military action soon after the Jan. 15 United Nations deadline if Iraq has not withdrawn from Kuwait. Approval of Bush's handling of the Gulf crisis is holding steady at 61 per cent versus 60 per cent last month. A 60 per cent majority oppose a coven assassination of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein as a way of quickly ending the crisis.

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Iran calls for Islamic summit

NICOSIA (AP) - Iran Sunday called for an emergency summit of Muslim countries to seek a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported. The agency quoted Foreign Minstry spokesman Morteza Sarmadi as saying Tehran had sent a note to the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) "in view of the grave international situation and the 'Persian' Gulf crisis."

Shamir wants talks with all Arabs including Iraq

PARIS (R) - Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said Sunday that Labb: Israel wanted peace_talks in occupied Jerusalem with Arah states including Iraq if President Saddam Hussein withdrew his troops from Kuwait. But he specified that he meant hilateral talks, not an international conference. Shamir said in a French radio interview that Israel was ready to negotiate with the Arab World on its problems, "We want direct, serious talks. Iraq as part of the Arab World can participate," he said. "I would like to receive all the leaders of the Arah World in (occupied) Jerusalem if they want to talk peace between Israel and the Arah World." Shamir said such a process could not happen "today, tomorrow or the day after" hut would take months, adding that he saw no direct link between the Gulf crisis and the Arab-Israel conflict. "We have not spoken of an international peace we first have to have direct negotiations between the parties to the conflict," Shamir

Iran hangs 4 on drug charges

NICOSIA (AP) — Three men and a woman were hanged in Iran's western Hamedan province Sunday on drug trafficking charges. The Islamic Rephulic News Agency said the four were sentenced to death hy the Islamic revolutionary court in the city of Nahavand. Iran's draconian laws call for a mandatory death sentence for possession of even small quantities of drugs with intent to sell. Iran has hanged more than 2,000 alleged drug traffickers, and jailed more than 100,000 so-called drng addicts since December 1989.

Armaco distributes gas masks

DHAHRAN (AP) — Hundreds of foreign and Saudi employees of the government-run oil firm Aramco lined up Sunday to get gas masks distributed free by the company. Parents said they had been advised to send their children to school with the masks, part of a stepped np civil defence plan in the Eastern Province bordering Kuwait as the Jan. 15 deadline for possible use of force against Iraq draws near. The Aramco programme to distribute gas masks to its 45,000 employees, including over 2,000 American and their dependents, coincides with a governmentsubsidised distribution programme throughout the province. Private firms are selling the \$133 masks for \$40 apiece, with the government making up the dif-

GIOIA DEL COLLE, Italy (AP) - Six Italian air force jets flew to Turkey Sunday, part of a special NATO unit intended to strengthen the country's defence in case war breaks out in Iraq. The F-104 reconnaissance jets left from the military airport in the southern city of Gioia del Colle. They headed for the Erhac military airport in Tur-key's southeastern Malatya province, officials said. NATO derided last Wednesday to send squadrons of German, Italian and Belgian jetfighters to Turkey at the request of the country, which belongs to the alliance. The 18 Belgian fighter-

Saddam: Iraq ready for any sacrifice to keep Kuwait, free Palestine

Iraqi leader reinforces tough line

ahead of Baker-Aziz talks in Geneva

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

BAGHDAD - President Saddam Hussein said Sunday Iraq would bear any sacrifice to keep Knwait and free Palestine, reinforcing a tough line after similar talks from U.S. President George Bush.

In a televised speech marking army day, Saddam said Iraq's one-million strong military had "unshakeable faith in their mission... in the struggle which will not break regardless of the sacri-

"The battle against the tyranny represented by the United States and the slogans of hegemony it is raising... is not expected to be a short one," Saddam said in the 25-minute

"A battle of such scope requires great sacrifices both in quantity and quality, irrespective of the foreseen and unforeseen consequences which will no doubt please the friend and anger the enemy," Saddam added.

The Iraqi leader spoke throughout in calm, measured tones, but returned again and again to the same themes.

Praising his army, Saddam said, "in one battle you prepared a historical opportunity for which our forefathers had longed and died without witnessing it.
"That was the return of

Kuwait to its Iraqi motherland a reality, not a wish or a claim, that made it the 19th province of the treasured political map of Iraq for the present and future times...

Dressed in his customary olive reen military fatigues and dark beret, Saddam opened his speech with a verse from the Koran, which said war is moral when the cause is just.

Preceded by several minutes of martial music, he interspersed his speech with other verses from the Koran.

Bush, stating terms for talks in Geneva Wednesday between Secret-ary of State James Baker and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz, said Saturday Baghdad faced "terrible consequences" if it did not pull out

Half a million U.S.-led multinational troops have assembled in the Gulf ready to attack Iraq if it does not withdraw from Kuwait by a U.N. Security Council deadline of Jan. 15.

of Kuwait.

His face impassive and tone stern, Saddam again linked any solution to the Gulf crisis to a Middle East peace settlement providing for a Palestinian state, a connection rejected by Western and some Arah states involved in the multinational

Diplomats said the speech reaf-firmed a belligerent Iraqi stance ahead of the Geneva talks but also noted that it followed Bush's statements Saturday.

It has been a common feature in the five-month standoff that whenever Iraq or the U.S. issues a tough statement, it is followed by a tougher one from the other.

Saddam said Middle East issues amounted to one great, long battle and told his army it would "entail great sacrifices in quantity and quality (but) the results will please friends and displease the foes...
"It is a battle for the sake of

Palestine," he said. Attempts to deal with Middle East problems as separate issues "could

(Continued on page 5)

Vauzelle returns to carrying Iraqi compromise offer

French envoy Michel Vauzella was returning to Paris Sunday after a lengthy meeting with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, who reportedly told his French visitor that Iraq might be willing to make concessions in exchange for concessions from the West over the Gulf crisis.

Vauzelle, head of the National Assembly's Foreign Relations Committee, passed through Amman Sunday.

Vauzelle, former spokesman for President Francois Mitterrand, refused to speak to reporters at the airport.

Vauzelle flew out aboard a Royal Jordanian flight to Tunis from where he was catching another flight to Paris later Sun-

President Saddam reportedly told Vauzelle that Iraq unight be willing to make concessions to settle the Gulf crisis in exchange for concessions from the West, according to a French diplomat.

NEW YORK (Agencies) — U.S. Secretary of State James

Baker said Sunday he was meet-

ing with Iraqi Foreign Minister

Tareq Aziz in hopes of resolving

the Mideast crisis but "closing

We've been dealing with this

matter for over five months,"

Baker said in an interview with

the ABC Broadcasting network.

line after which the United Na-

tions would authorise the use of

force to dislodge Iraq from

Also Sunday, Defence Secret-

Kuwait.

He was referring to the dead-

"This Jan. 15 deadline is real.

the door" to further meetings.

Jan. 15 deadline is

After talks between Saddam and Vauzelle, the diplomat characterised Saddam's remarks as indicating that "if the West and the United States are ready to make a sacrifice, then Iraq might make some sacrifices too.'

The diplomat, who was interviewed by the Associated Press, spoke in exchange for anonym-The diplomat said it was his

understanding that the "sacrifice" songht by Iraq was an international peace conference to settle the Palestinian issue. Iraq has in the past songht a

linkage between any Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, withdrawal of Israel from the occupied territories and a Syrian pullback of its troops from Lebanon. However, Washington has re-

Vauzelle told reporters after

jected such a linkage. "I have come here to listen and I must say that I learned a lot about the situation from President Saddam Hussein,"

Saturday's meeting. "I am not optimistic but neither am I pessimistic," he said. "I hope everything will soon be

who also spoke on condition of anonymity, said Vauzelle met with Saddam to receive answers to questions he had earlier submitted to Aziz, who also sat in on the Saddam meeting.

Another French diplomat,

No further details were available on the substance of the talks.

Vauzelle had held separate talks with Aziz after arriving in Baghdad Thursday.

"It's time for realism," said Vauzelle, who said he was in Baghdad privately but added that he would report back to Mitterrand on his return to

"I have obtained information and now it's up to the politicians concerned to take decisions," he

Izzat to visit

NICOSIA (AP) - A top Iraqi

Quoting unidentified Iranian sources, the English-language daily said Izzat Ibrahim, vice chairman of Iraq's revolutionary Command Council, will arrive in Tehran Tuesday on an official

The paper, which is close to the government, qnoted sources invaded Kuwait

"Of course, during his stay here talks will also focus on the 'Persian' Gulf crisis," the Times quoted one source as saying. Iraq and Iran agreed in August to formally end the state of war between them.

border with Iraq.

ist who wants good relations

Churches back King's peace efforts AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein Sunday received a cable of support from the leaders of 75 churches in the world affiliated to the Church of Christ.

The church leaders expressed support for King Hossein's efforts aiming at finding a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis and to avert a war, "whose consequences will be devastating to all the world." The church leaders

also sent similar cables to Iraqi President Saddam Husseln and U.S. President George Bush appealing for a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis. The representative of the

Chruch of Christ in Jurdan, Jack Qazzaz, Sunday appealed to all Christian sects in the world to work in the service of the cause of peace, particularly in the Gulf region. He also affirmed the need to solve all Middle East prob-

FIRSTHAND LOOK: United Nations General Assembly President Guido de Marco of Malta Sunday visits the Palestine refugee camp at Jerash (see page 3). Hamas leader says Israel cannot weaken Palestinians

(Agencies) - The wheelchairbound leader of the Muslim fundamentalist Hamas movement warned Israel at his trial Sunday that the widespread arrests of his followers would not "weaken

the Palestinian people."
Sheikh Ahmad Ismail Yassin, 55, confessed to founding Hamas Sunday, as his trial began in a tightly guarded military court in the Gaza Strip a full year after formal charges were hronght against him.

14 charges, including organising attacks on civilians and causing the deaths of two Israeli soldiers, Israel Radio said.

The soldiers were kidnapped, and the army said both were helieved killed, though only one body was found. No one has been convicted of the actual

"The defendant founded the

Hamas. It is the duty and the right not only of the defendant hut of everyone under occupation to join Hamas and by that he did not commit a crime," Yassin's attorney Abdul Malik Dahamshe told the Israeli military court in Gaza.

At the start of his trial a year ago, Yassin admitted founding Hamas in the occupied territories and said he did it out of a sacred duty to fight the Israeli occupation. The trial

long delay Sunday, two weeks after Israel ordered expulsions of four Palestinians identified as senior Hamas activists. Hamas took responsibility for the recent slaying of three Jewish factory workers in Tel Aviv.

Israel fears the fundamentalist Hamas, which has vowed to form a Palestinian state instead of Israel, is gaining strength in

On Sunday, Israel jailed with out trial for a year a senior Hamas leader in the West Bank, Sheikh Hamad Bitawi. Bitawi is

Bank town of Tulkarm. The wheelchair-bound Yassin, paralysed in a sporting accident when he was 16, said testimony had been taken from him after he was beaten, tortured and deprived of sleep for four days straight. He told the court he

a Muslim religious judge in West

suffered a head injury when he Dahamshe asked to have this testimony disqualified. He also challenged the court's jurisdiction, saying it contravened international law by operating in

occupied territory. Yassin denied Israeli charges that he recruited the killers of

the two soldiers.

(Continued on page 5)

EC says it regrets Iraqi stand, offer stands

LUXEMBOURG (Agencies) -The European Community (ÉC) countries expressed regret Sunday over Irag's decision to turn down their invitation to Gulf crisis talks on Jan. 10, but said the offer remained open.

"The 12 (EC members) regret that their invitation has not been accepted," they said in a statement issued in Luxembourg. which holds the EC presidency.

"They believe that this reaction of the Iraqi government does not contribute to the efforts undertaken in the search for a peaceful solution to the Gulf

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz is due to meet U.S. Secretary of State James Baker in Geneva Wednesday in a last ditch effort to avert war over Iraq's five-month occupation of Kuwait.

The community had invited Aziz to visit Luxembourg the following day. But the Iraqi Foreign Ministry, in a statement on Saturday, said the Iraqi people "resent the submissive policies pursued by certain Euro-

ty sank at 1.30 p.m. (0939 GMT)

but the crew was taken safely

There was speculation it might

The executives, who spoke on

condition they not be named, said the vessel was empty when

it sustained an explosion whose

The number and nationality of

the crew was not immediately

available but they were believed

causes were not known.

have hit a mine hut the shipping executives said they doubted

ashore to Oman.

pean governments towards the aggressive and haughty American policies."

If the Europeans wanted to

Belgian Foreign Minister Mark Eyskens said this was out of the question.

humiliated to that extent," he

Iraq's rejection of the EC offer was a hlow to the community's first attempts to conduct a common foreign policy, a key part of its move towards even-

play. Luxembourg's Foreign Minister Jacques Poos will meet Baker for talks in London on Monday, a government spokesman said.

talk, they were welcome to come to Baghdad, the Iraqi statement

"We will not let ourselves he

told Belgian radio Saturday night. "We made an offer yesterday. If it is rejected by Iraq definitely, Iraq will suffer the consequences.

tual political union. But it may still have a role to

France expressed regret for

(Continued on page 5)

Fierce fighting blocks Mogadishu evacuation NAIROBI (Agencies) — Heavy

fighting Sunday prevented Italian planes trying to rescue fore-igners from landing in Somalia's war-torn capital where rebels claimed to have mounted a "final assault" on the airport.

Twenty minutes hefore two Italian C-130s emblazoned with Red Cross emhlems were scheduled to land in Mogadishu, a Red Cross official in the city told them by radio to turn hack because of fighting, the Foreign Ministry said in a statement in

The statement said the planes would try again Monday to rescue the approximately 50 Italians still in Mogadishu, and that if they failed the foreigners could be evacuated by sea.

The Italian frigate Orsa was scheduled to reach the seaside ciry Tuesday.

In Rome, the rehel United Somali Congress (USC) said that, reinforced hy armed vehicles and insurgents from the countryside, it had launched "the final assault on the airport" where it claimed President

Mohammad Siad Barre was

Diplomats and other sources, however, have denied Siad Barre took refuge in an airport hunker, as the rehels have elaimed, and that he has been at the presidential palace since fighting broke out Dec. 30.

Fighting has raged for the past

week as rebels fight to end Siad Barre's 21-year rule, and fleeing residents have said the city is dangerous and chaoric. The United States said earlier it had rescued more than 250 Americans and other foreigners

from the city, using helicopters to ferry people from the U.S. emhassy compound to the aircraft carrier Guam and the amphibious transport ship Trenton, anchored offshore.

Those evacuated included American citizens, the Soviet amhassador and his staff and diplomats and private citizens from more than a dozen other Diplomatic sources in the

(Continued on page 5)

Freighter sinks off Oman after mystery incident MUSCAT (AP) - Omani navy crew to abandon ship hecause of

vessels rescued the crew of a Cypriot freighter that sank Sunday in rough seas in the Gulf of Oman after it hit an object in the be named. water or had an internal explo-They said two U.S. navy ships sion, sources said. Shipping executives based in the Gulf said the Demetra Beau-

freighter. A U.S. Navy spokesman based in the Gulf said the American warships were not directly involved in providing asistance to the Demetra Beauty. He said

The London-based Lloyd's shipping intelligence unit, which monitors shipping traffic around the world, located the incident at about (210 kilometres) away from the Strait of Hormuz,

It said the vessel "struck probahly a mine or something else local," at 6:25 a.m. Sunday (0225 GMT).

Several Gulf-hased shipping executives discounted the likeli-

hood of mines floating in that open sea area, some more than 110 kilometres off Muscat. One man noted that the vessel

even a whale. The sources said investigations were under way as to the

exact cause of the incident. "There is speculation that the freighter could have hit a mine or suffered an internal explosion or collided with a whale but no-one at this stage is sure." said one of the sources.

had received unconfirmed in formation from Saudi Arabia Sunday that an unmanned oil rig off the kingdom's northeastern coast was extensively damaged by a floating mine but that the wellhead was intact.

Dammam, dated today states: Regarding damage to oil rig off Safaniyah. Unconfirmed information received that unmanned platform to well no. 58, Safaniyah field. (was) extensively damaged," it said.

It said the platform was "reported to have been caused by (A) floating mine. Wellhead in-

The oil field is shared by Saudi

Shipping sources told Reuters Friday that at least six mines were found drifting off Saudi Arabia's northern Gulf coast

Italy sends six planes to Turkey

combers also left for Turkey Sunday.

"At some point," Baker emphasised, "we've got to get the message through to them. Baker said that he would tell Aziz when they meet Wednesday in Geneva "there are two options." He said that no hostilities would erupt if Iraq were to "withdraw from Knwait." But if not, be said they "will have force used against them to eject them from Kuwait." He reiterated that the discussions with Aziz would not be concessions to secure an Iraqi withdrawal. "We will not be going to negotiate," he said. Baker said that after trying for three weeks to meet with Iraqi leaders, "I am closing the door" to further meetings.

real, Baker asserts ary Dick Cheney warned that Iraq must withdraw from Knwait by Jan. 15 or face the "very real"

threat of force. U.S. President George Bush has been "very firm and very clear ... Saddam must get out of Kuwait and be will not be awarded for aggression," Cheney said in an interview with the CBS broadcasting network. Cheney's comments echoed Bush's calls a day earlier in a radio message demanding Iraq's complete and unconditional withdrawal by the

Saddam "has to know that if he does not comply with the U.N. Security Council resolutions... that in fact be faces the very real threat that U.S. and allied military force will be und to force him out," Cheney added.

U.N. deadline or risk the threat of

refused to speculate about the outcome of the Geneva talks. He said Iraq has peaceful intentions. 'War is the United States' position," the ambassador said in a Sunday interview with the NBC broadcasting network. "We're not going to start a war. We want

Mohammad Al Mashat, Iraqi

He said that U.S. threats have heightened tension in the region.
"This doesn't create a conducive atmosphere," Al Mashat said. U.S. National Security Adviser Brent Scowcroft, in a Sunday interview with Cable News Network, said that the United States remains firm

> (Continued on page 5) (Continued on page 5)

Ibrahim Tehran

official will visit Iran this week for talks on a peace accord between the two countries and the Gulf crisis, the Tehran Times reported Sunday.

as saying Ibrahim will follow up issues related to a peace accord struck between the two countries in Angust, only days after Iraq

Iran shares a 1,200-kilometre Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani, a so-called pragmat-

> The captain of the 6,514-tonne Requity ordered the

to be all-Cypriot.

a hole in the vessel's port side cargo holds, said the sources, who spoke on condition they not

stood by in support as a royal navy of Oman patrol craft hegan taking the crew off the sinking

that the ships may have been nearby hecause U.S. navy warships are in the Gulf of Oman.

strategic gateway in the Guif. It

"A big column of water sprung in way of no. 2 and 3 cargo holds port side," Lloyds's

could have hit anything floating.

"Information received from

Arabia and Bahrain.

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN -- Despite firm Israeli opposition, there is an increasing international movement towards convening a peace conference on the Middle East, and the U.N. General Assembly is hopeful that such a forum could be convened soon, according to the president of the world body.

"Until recently, the United States and Israel were the only two countries not in favour of an international conference." noted Guido de Marco, who is currently visiting Jordan.

"But the Americans have expressed themselves in favour of the conference... as indicated in the recent Security Council statement," de Marco told the Jordan Times in an interview.

"Now we can say that the only state against this conference is Israel." he added. De Marco, deputy prime

minister and foreign minister of Malta. was referring to a statement that accompanied Security Council Resolution 681 issued in December. The non-binding statement.

released hy the council president, had the endorsement of the U.S., one of the five permanent memhers, but did not specify a nmeframe for convening the conference, de Marco conceded. "Nonetheless, they (the U.S.) have accepted that there should be one." he pointed out.

De Marco, who arrived here Saturday after visiting Palestinian camps in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and talks with Israeli and Palestinian leaders, said he found no change in the Israeli opposition to the con-

Israeli leaders restated their oft-repeated contention that an international conference would only be a forum for their country to be at the receiving end of world criticism and attack; instead, they insist on direct talks with the Arah states neighbouring the Jewish state, according to de Marco.

"The impression I did get is that the Israeli government fears that an international conference for peace would rather put them in the bar of the accused," he reported.

The Maltese diplomat, who is visiting the Middle East on his own initiative after adopting the causes of the region as a personal crusade, said he explained to the Israelis that their "concerns" were unfounded.

"The purpose of the conference is to try and hring justice to the peoples of the region," de Marco quoted himself as explaining to the Israelis.

According to de Marco, three major points should be the hasis for any settlement of the Palestinian problem.

"The Palestinian people are entitled to their own right of self-determination, which includes the observance on the part of Israel of Resolution 242 - mainly evacuating the occupied territories - and also guaranteed frontiers for all states in the region,' the U.N. president said.

While the U.N. accepts that direct negotiations would eventually have to be held among the parties involved, it also believes the international conference

should be convened "because of the diversity of the interests... because of the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people... (and because) we also want to see the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organisation) as an equal part-ner in the discussions." he said.

De Marco described the situation in the occupied territories. the site of the three-year-old Palestinian inufada, as "very

The U.N. president said he was reminded of Nazi concentration camps when he visited Palestinian camps in the occupied territories.

"When you see yourself in the camps with the (Israeli) towers overlooking the camps with soldiers watching over... (it is) something we used to see in concentration camps." he said. De Marco paid tribute to the intifada, which he said had

the courage of the Palestinian "Despite the immense suffering, one admires the great sense of perseverance and the great

achieved "great success," and

tool to move along - faith in the future - which one finds in the Palestinian people," he said. According to de Marco, the Palestinians stand more in need of international reassurances that their cause is not forgotten

rather than physical protection against Israeli practices designed to quell resistance. The Palestinians want to feel that "the international community cares for them and is there to provide protection in a sense

that their case is heing monitored and would like to see "I believe that we are moving stronger representation against



but dread

casualties

CHICAGO (R) - With the

deadline for possible use of force

in the Gulf little more than a

week away, Americans seem in-

creasingly apprehensive about committing the nation to a major

war and uneasy about President

Public opinion polls show a majority still support the admi-

A recent poll by the newspap-

er USA Today showed that 57

per cent of Americans would

support an attack, but backing

would drop swiftly if U.S.

Polls hy the Gallup organisa-

tion found growing opposition to the U.S. stance, with 28 per cent

now seeing it as a mistake com-

pared with 17 per cent earlier in

"If the war did not end in a

quick victory or make substan-

tial progress in a few weeks.

American popular support is so

thin that the president would

find he had a problem," said

Tom Smith, an analyst at the

University of Chicago's national

Support would dwindle

based on the premise and the

promise that a Gulf war would

be over quickly, and the admi-

nistration's pledge that it would

The Viemam war and the divi-

sions it caused in U.S. society 20

years ago hangs like a cloud over

Those favouring a swift attack

on Iraqi forces are frustrated by

what they see as the Bush admi-

nistration's hesitation, while

peace activists fear America will

not curb its arsenal if war erupts.

that we'd use as much force as

we'd have to use. Wasn't that the military lesson of Vietnam: That we held back too much?"

asked Dorothy Friesen of the Mennonite Church, one of

several U.S. churches actively

Some analysts say the "win-at-

costs" attitude felt to have been

lacking during the United States'

painful commitment in Viemam

might be affecting current atti-

tudes about the Gulf deploy-

"People don't have to be emo-

nonally worked up to where they

aren't thinking straight, hut they

opposed to war in the Gulf.

That seems to be the threat,

hawks and doves alike.

he no Vietnam.

Opinion Research Centre.

casualties were to mount.

George Bush's rationale.

ditionally from Kuwait.

in Gulf

Guido de Marco

the violation of their human rights," he said. "They sometimes feel that they are left alone..." de Marco

While being a solid supporter of the Palestinian cause, de Marco does not necessarily see a direct linkage hetween the Gulf crisis and the Palestinian prob-

There is no linkage in my view between events in the Gulf and events in the occupied territories in a sense that Kuwait was not invaded by Palestinians so that the situation be relevant." de Marco said.

"In all the senses of the word, I see no linkage between both

issues. De Marco said that the Palestinians in the occupied territories were frustrated to see the speedy enaction of United Nations resolutions on Kuwait. while those on the occupied territories are ignored.

"I do know and I can understand that many in Palestine have the sense of resentment due to the fact that resolutions on Kuwait are heing acted upon while resolutions on the occupied territories have not been acted upon." de Marco said.

At the same time, he said, we hope to see that the same international determination to solve the situation in the Gulf is also shown to solve the situation as far as the Palestiman people are concerned."

in the right direction," he added.

Partial text of Saddam's speech Americans back Bush.

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on Sunday declared the Iraqi army was ready for many sacrifices in the fight for Kuwait and to liberate Palestine hut said vic-

tory was certain.

Following is a partial translation by Reuters of the original Arabic from Saddam's televised speech to mark the 70th anniversary of Iraq's Army

Day.
"Our great Iraqi people, beroes of our armed forces... today has become a day to be celebrated by all Arabs. It means dignity for all Arabs because it coincides with the struggle of our Palestinian people in the occupied territories.

nistration in its demand that "Our Iraqi army stands as a Iraq withdraw its forces unconsymbol for their struggle and aspirations, for dignity and a But support erodes swiftly better life without humiliation when pollsters ask if American and oppression. lives should be sacrificed to oust

"Fortunately, this army has become capable of confronting the enemies anywhere in the Arah Homeland where there is danger. The Iraqi armed forces have an unshakeable faith in their mission... in their struggle which will not stop regardless of the sacrifices.
"What a great bonour that
you are united this time under

the banner of the mother of battles. You are now prepared for one historic battle after the return of the branch to the origin. The return of Kuwait is a fact and not a claim. It is the 19th province on the map of Iraq with its long history in the present and future.

...We are struggling against corruption... against decay and therefore the battle which you are waging today is the greatest of all battles... our struggle is against the foolish, tyrant American administration and its puppet, the Zionist entity and those bad people who have allied with them in an alliance of tyranny and injustice.
Comrades in arms... the bat-

tle will entail great sacrifices in quantity and quality (but) the results will please friends and displease the foes... the battle for the liberation of Palestine will not be a short one if we are serious about it, and we don't believe that the sacrifices will be small.

"...It cannot be a battle

which could be divided into several causes... On the con-trary this could cause confinsion which will divide ranks because if we fight divided battles, the forces workging against us could probably neut-ralise our efforts. But if we fight the hattle as one battle, a battle which contains and embraces all the objectives of the Arabs at this particular phase, then... this is the advantage of the great battle which we will fight.

"There are facilities of a strategic nature that could not be imagined elsewhere — flow and speed in communications. mobilisation and military logistics. The mother of battles will also be (conducted) under an experienced, cohesive military leadership. These are the advantages of the battle, which are free from many complica-

"It would be an honour for the believers to fight in one of the days of this battle... which aims at liberating Palestine and the Golan Heights under the banner: God is greater."

Trial of Egyptian policeman postponed

SUEZ (AP) — The trial of an Egyptian police conscript ac-cused of killing four Israelis and wounding 27 others in a cross-border shooting rampage was postponed until Tuesday. Mohammad Wagdi Al Leithy, the president of the military

court, adjourned Saturday's 12hour session after the defendant, Ayman Mohammad Hassan, showed signs of exhaustion.

Hassan, 23, fainted for five minutes and a doctor said after examining him that he needs

The judge rejected a plea hy defence lawyers that Hassan be placed under medical surveillance for 15 days for pyschoanalysis

They said Hassan is suffering from depression due to his long stay at the border post and cited that investigation had showo that he tried to commit suicide before the Nov. 25 shooting. --

The court left unanswered a: defence pleat to call Foreign. Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid from Egypt's Sinai border.

to testify about the borderline as defined hy the Camp David agreement that produced the 1978 treaty between Egypt and Israel.

The three-officers tribunal heard the testimony of eight colleagues of Hassan who all said they heard the shooting and saw someone running hut could not recognise him. The trial opened Dec. 22 at

3rd army headquarters, 16 kilometres west of Suez. The city is at the southern end of the Suez Canal, 135 kilometres east of Cairo, it resumed Dec. 29 hnt was adjourned until Saturday to allow defence lawyers more time to study the case file further. They also requested that 44 sheets of Israeli police records in Hehrew be translated into Ara-

The records, containing the results of Israeli inquiries, were accompanied by some pictures; of the scene of the shootings: about 300 metres inside Israel-

flies to Gulf LONDON (R) — British Prime

Major

Minister John Major flew to the Gulf Sunday for a four-day tour after stating categorically that Iraq would be attacked if its forces did not pull out of Kuwait. Major, who will visit Saudi

Arabia. Oman and Egypt, declined to say anything more as he left Heathrow airport. But in an interview hroadcast earlier Sunday he insisted there would be no deals with Iraq. "If (Iraq) gets out of Kuwait

doesn't (it) will be," he said in an interview recorded two days ago for the morning TV prog-ramme Frost on Sunday.

The United Nations has au-thorised use of force against Iraq if its troops are still in Kuwait after Jan. 15.

(it) won't be attacked, if (it)

Major, who replaced Mar-

garet Thatcher as prime minister less than six weeks ago, said he was confident U.S. Secretary of: State James Baker would offer and deals to Iraq during talks Geneva Widnesday with Frank Foreign Minister Taren Azu:

"It is not a meeting to negotiate," he said. "You do not

"It is absolutely imperative that Saddam Hussein understly...secondly that if he does. withdraw into Iraq he is not going to be attacked within Iraq, provided he wholly and com-

later Sunday, for a Monday meeting with British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd. Baker is expected to travel on to France for talks there before his meeting with Aziz.

weapons would be used by either side if war came. I don't think it's remotely

Lehanon in 1990 in which 40 people were killed and 82 wounded, hy police count.

negotiate with someone who has broken into your house as to whether he should leave it. stands that we are serious, fir-

pletely...leaves Kuwait. "He has to be told those two things absolutely clearly and that, I know, is what Secretary of State Baker will say to him."

Baker was due in London

tion forces in the region. In the TV interview, Major

said he did not believe nuclear.

Iraqis cope with food rationing 5 months into international embargo eat and Pepsi to wash them By Dilip Ganguly Also in short supply are down," said another official.

The Associated Press

BAGHDAD — The customs officer at Saddam International Airport looked at the passenger's bulging hag and asked: "Khubuz?" (bread). The man nodded. The officer let him pass.

Another passenger on the Iraqi Airways flight from Jordan was pushing a trolley laden with four tyres. The officer smiled and let him pass, too.

Five months after the United Nations clamped an economic embargo against Iraq. people are coping. Although there are no signs anyone is starving, it is clear the sancnons have made life more difficult.

Jordan is Baghdad's only steady link with the rest of the world hecause of the United Nations' air and sea hlockade in retalization for Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion and subsequent annexation of Kuwait.

Iraqis flying in from Jordan are toting suitcases filled with sugar. tea. powdered milk. even hard-boiled eggs.

A dozen eggs cost eight dinars, or (\$21) at the official rate of exchange in Baghdad. The price is heyond the reach of most Iraqis. who earn on average the equivalent of about \$600 a month.

meat, rice, beans and medicines, with the prices of all goods hiked hy up to 700 per

"No doubt it is hurting us. But an Arab will go hungry but never give away his honour," Information and Culture Minister Latif Jassim said of the impact of the sanctions.

Health Minister Ahdul Salaam Mohammad Sa'id said at least 2,042 Iraqi children below the age of five have died since August because of a lack of medicine. "People are complaining,"

said a Western diplomat. "But they are complaining to themselves only. There is no sign that it will snowhall into an anti-government feeling or protest, not yet."

"If you are thinking that people will come on the street shouting 'Down with Saddam, you are wrong," said an Asian diplomat. "The time has not come for anything like that."

"And there is no way we can judge the impact of the sanctions on the Iraqi war machine until they are put to the test by a military confrontation," he added.

U.S. presidential spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said Thursday that the United States had concluded sanctions alone would not force Iraq to withdraw from

"We don't have months and days and years. We have a United Nations deadline that represents the thinking of the entire world that enough is enough. Time's up." Fîtzwa-

The U.N. Security Council authorised the use of force against Iraq if it does not leave Kuwait by Jan. 15. U.S. Central Intelligence

gency (CIA) Director William Webster said Wednesday that Iraqi industry had been hard-hit, with more than 90 per cent of imports and 97 per cent of exports shut off.

But in congressional testimony he said there was no guarantee that economic. hardship would lead to internal unrest or compel to change its policies. During a 450-kilometres

journey from Baghdad to the village of Judayyidat Ar'ar on the Saudi border, none of a dozen factories along the way appeared to be in operation. Stray dogs and camels roamed outside locked cement, cigarette and fertilizer

factory gates. "They are all closed now. there is no raw material to run them," said an Iraqi official. But some food mainstays are still available at roadside

desert stands. "We still have plenty of chicken, even in the desert, to

In Baghdad, a city of four million people, there are no visible shortages, except for the rationed items of rice, sugar, flour, cooking oil, beans, tea, milk powder and detergents.

Shop windows display a cornucopia of goods, which the Iraqis say are from their 19th province - Kuwait.

On sale on a recent day were green asparagus from New Zealand, luncheon meat from Holland, Swiss milk chocolate, green peas with carrots from Spain, mango pickles from India, caviar from Iran, and hut pepper sauce from the United States.

Nearly all the containers carry the markings of a Kuwain importer.

"We are managing," said an Iraqi father of three children. "So long as the government continues to give us subsidised food it is ok." "But if that stops, we do not

know what to do," he said on condition of anonymity. An Iraqi adult's monthly allotment of rationed goods is 60 millilitres of tea, 730 grammes of sugar, about 1.1 kilogrammes of rice, a quarter

kilogramme of beans and five kilogrammes of wheat. "It is not enough, so we are trying to eat less." said the Iraqi father.

SIDON, Lebanon (AP) over the area an hour after the Israeli warplanes hlasted tases of Palestinian factions near Sidon Sunday. Police said at

Israelis attack Sidon bases

least three fighters were killed and six wounded.

Israeli air strike in two days, need to have a little more passion than they have now," Smith said. "You need to be ready to

thrust the bayonet." Peace activists report a growing number of protests, from Montana to Massachusetts. dropped several delayed action "A lot of people have been saying wait a minute," said Jennifer Bing-Canar of the National

Coalition for Peace in the Middle East. "People are really questioning our reasons for being there. which is the major stronghold of Those reasons keep changing as Bush floats all these trial balloons to see what wins people

people over best." Pollsters agree that opinions on U.S. involvement shift depending on how the questions are asked.

"Bush has been a master at putting together a worldwide coalition, but in terms of selling this war to the American people he's been as ineffectual as he's been at selling many of his domestic policies," Smith said.

of Palestinian groups

It was the second reported

marking a sharp rise of Arab-Israeli violence in South Lebanon on the debut of 1991. Police said six F-16 fighter bombers fired 16 rockets and

bombs on the hilltop village of Sharhabil and the nearby Wadi Ahir valley, about five kilometres east of Sidon. They said 10 rockets and four bombs exploded in the area,

Abu Nidal's Fatch Revolutionary Council faction in Lebanon. But the major target of the attack was a base of military vehicles for the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine

(PFLP), police reported. The one-storey hase was levelled. Jeeps and other vehicles

were smoldering when reporters arrived on the scene from Sidon, provincial capital of Soth Lebanon 40 kilometres south of Beirut. A pall of hlack smoke hung

jets staged two thunderons bombing sorties, drawing antiaircraft fire from guerrilla posi-The PFLP local commander

admitted six PFLP guerrillas were wounded in the attack. But he refused to confirm or deny the deaths. "This air raid will not stop us

from dealing blows to the enemy. On the contrary, we shall double our attack," said. Authorities said Saturday that two Israeli helicopter gunships

rocketed and strafed bases of

pro-Iranian fundamentalist guerrillas in the Bekaa Valley at daybreak. No casualties were reported from that attack, which was denied hy the Israeli military command.

The air assaults came amid escalating shelling duels on the ground between resistance fighters on one side and Israeli forces and allied militiamen of the South Leebanon Army (SLA) on the other.

Israel staged 21 air raids on

Major is expected to meet Gulf leaders, including members. of the exiled Kuwait royal family, and to visit British troops is serving with the anti-Iraq coali-

likely to come to that," he said.

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Koran

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HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Arm ... 64281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2 Malhas, J. Amman University Hospital
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Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

(Terminal 1) 10:30

ARRIVALS

3peg Roundtable assesses Gulf crisis. consequences of war in region

AMMAN (J.T.) - The following is the full text issued by the participants at the roundtable on the Gulf crisis held at the initiative of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Jan. 5:

At the invitation of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Bin Talai, 48 statesmen, senior representatives of international organisations, and experts from various fields, gathered in Amman on January 5. Their objective at Crown Prince Hassan's "Roundtable," was to assess the Gulf crisis, and to examine the consequences of armed conflict in the region.

The roundtable participants included His Exellency Guido de Marco, the current president of the United Nations General Assembly, and deputy prime minister and foreign minsiter of Malta. This one-day event was the first intercational event of its kind to be held in the region. Crown Prince Hassan had invited the roundtable participants to Amman because of his belief that the Gulf crisis had reached a point where innovative - and trans-national thinking and recommendations were urgently needed to cope

with the situation. The roundtable participants stressed that the consequences of any crisis, but especially a protracted one, would be devastating in terms of human, economic, social and perhaps even environmental suffering. Jordan, which has already been hard hit by the crisis, would find itself in even greater economie and social peril

Suffering has been generated widely in the region, and children have been among the first victims, according to a statement by UNICEF's regional representative. The Gulf crisis, accroding to UNICEF, has resulted in severe deterioration in

nutritional levels, and conditions involving health and primary education, in Jordan particularly. Continuation of the crisis would inflict irreversible social and related damage on future generations, said UNICEF.

Moreover, UNICEF warned, the adverse impact on children and mothers would accelerate should bostilities break out in the region. Already, almost two million third-country nationals have been forced to flee Kuwait and Iraq. They are faced with grave resettlement and economic problems in their countries of origin. If war broke out, the roundtable participants felt, almost two million additional people could leave Kuwait and Iraq, and they would enter Jor-

It is hard to imagine how Jordan, already straining under the crushing economic burden of the Gulf crisis, could cope with this additional burden without immediate and substantial aid, according to the roundtable participants.

The roundtable participants noted that so far intercational contributions to alleviate Jordan's burden — and suffering have been discouraging. Only \$12 million have been received hy Jordan as reimbursement for the \$55 million that it spent to assist the more than \$50,000 third country evacuees who arrived in Jordan between August

and November. This shortfall was especially disconraging in light of the \$30,000 per second that is being spent on the current military

The roundtable participants called for the establishment of a long-term fund that would foster regional economic and social stability. They suggested that a special United Nations emergency fund should be established

meanwhile. In this context, the roundtable participants have taken note of the windfall profits from oil and arms sales during the crisis. Such a fund would ensure an equitable sharing of the economie burden of the Gulf crisis. The establishment of the emergency fund would also demonstrate international solidarity in the face of human suffering caused by the Gulf crisis, and it would contribute to the establishment of a truly stable new world order.

The roundtable participants expressed concern that while the U.N. Charter clearly envisages that effective remedies should be provided to countries that suffered because of their compliance with U.N. sanctions, such remedies have not been

made available to Jordan. The time has clearly come to fashion a "second generation" United Nations that would be equipped by member states with new means and a new mandate to properly face economic and social crises of the post cold war era, the roundtable participants

They expressed regret that events involving the Gulf crisis have been handled in a way that suggested that people did not

But people do matter, the roundtable participants declared, and nations of the world should respond accordingly when crises occurred.

They said that it was appropriate that the roundtable was held in Amman since Jordan had been a major victim of the Gulf crisis. The roundtable participants noted the genuine spirit of international and humanitarian cooperation that Jordan had demonstrated during the crisis, especially concerning the plight of the hundreds of thousands of evacuees from Kuwait and Iraq.



Prime Minister Mudar Badran Sunday holds talks with Parliament's Public Freedoms and Civil Rights Committee (Petra Photo)

Meeting tackles reinstatement, political prisoners, martial law

AMMAN (J.T.) — Parliament's Public Freedoms and Civil Rights Committee met with Prime Minister Mndar Badran Snnday and discussed questions related to the reinstatement of employees harred from assuming public office because of their political orientations among other issues.

"We discussed with the prime minister the following questions: citizens dismissed from their obs on political grounds, those wbo have not been appointed beacuse of their political affiliations, citizens serving jail terms because of political reasons. questions related to martial law and citizens barred from entering Jordan," said Ahmad Al Azaideh, the committee's chair-

man, following the meeting. The prime minister told Parliament on Dec. 19 that his governmeat was determined to reinstate all those dismissed for political reasons, and noted that 68 per cent of all those who applied for reappointment had been reinstated.

These number around 372 persons out of a total of 544 who applied for reemployment in government offices, the prime minister said in his statement to Parliament.

According to Azaideh, only 45 per cent of the total number of the dismissed persons have been reinstated though the goveroment had pledged to reinstate

all by the end of last year. Azaideh said that his committee had suhmitted to the prime minister a detailed report of the situation revealing that those returned to their posts do not enjoy the same privileges and rights like their colleagues while those dismissed from their work in the private sector had not

been reinstated at all. Agreement was reached with the prime minister for the dismissed persons to be reinstated and for those already employed to be fairly treated.

Agreement was reached on studying the cases of all persons serving ajil terms and improving conditions in jails and allowing more freedoms for visitors, according to Azaideh. He said that the government had promised to consider issuing special pardon for those jailed for political reasons.

The prime minister said that he would give clear instructions to the Civil Service Commission (CSC) to take measures designed to ensure the reinstatement of all the employees dismissed from their jobs for poli-

tical reasons, According to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Badran also stressed that the government was committed to cancelling the martial law and announced that the government, in the coming few days, woud announce extra

Badran welcomes U.N. call for peace conference

ter Mudar Badran Sunday welcomed a recent decision by the United States General Assembly, calling for an international conference on the Palestine issue, as a step in the right

Speaking at a meeting with visiting President of the U.N. General Assembly Guido de Marco, the prime minister expressed concern over the con-tinued influx of Soviet Jews in occupied Palestine and the settlement of large numbers of them in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. Badran, whose views were

supported by de Marco, said that the influx of the Jews was bound to escalate tension in the region. Badran and de Marco called for speeding up efforts to find a

lasting settlement to the Palestine problem and the Arah-Israeli conflict. The prime minister reviewed

with de Marco the current situation in the occupied Arah territories and Israel's inhuman practices against the Palestinian people. He said that an international peace conference was of paramount importance now to end the tension and the sufferings of the Palestinian people.

"The sooner this conference is held the better for all the peoples of the Middle East who. aspire for peace and security, the prime minister said.

Badran told de Marco that lordan was sharing with the Palestinians their sufferings and was trying to help the oppressed people in every possible manner.

The Palestinian intifada, the prime minister said, is only an expression of the suffering of a people under occupation and oppression and a manifestation of the prolonged struggle to acquire legitimate rights, including the right to self-determination.

"The whole international community should bear the re-

sponsibility for the present dangerous situation" he added. De Marco lauded the government's efforts to help the Palestinian refugees and stressed the importance of the United Na-

tions' role through the U.N. Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) in providing assistance and training to the refugees' children. The meeting was attended by UNRWA Commissioner Gener-

al Giorgio Giacomelli, Minister of Information Ibrahim Izzeddin, U.N. officials in Jordan and Dr. Ahmad Qatanani, director general of the Foreign ministry's Department of Palestinian Affairs.

Following the meeting with the prime minister, de Marco said that his talks with Jordanian officials were extremely useful and constructive, and that Jordan's views with regard to the region's questions were similar to those of the United Nations on these matters.

He told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the situation in the occupied Arab lands was dangerous and required speedy efforts and dne attention on the part of the world community.

He said extra efforts were needed to convene a U.N. sponsored international conference to reach peace in the Middle East region and to end the ordeal of the Palestinian people.

De Marco Monday winds up his three-day visit to Jordan and leaves for Cairo on the third leg of his current Middle Eastern

De Marco Sunday made a tour of the Jerash refugee camp and the archaeological sites of the ancient Greco Roman city after inspecting a vocational training centre at Wadi Seer near Amman which offers training to Palestinian refugees.

Accompanied by the UNRWA commissioner general, de

Marco toured the various part of the centre, west of here, and heared a briefing on the various courses offered to the trainees. De Marco expressed appreciation of the work conducted by UNRWA in Jordan and of its health and educational services to the Palestinain refugees.
An estimated 912,000 Palesti-

nians are registered in UN-RWA's documents in Jordan and their children recieve education and vocational training at the agency's centres around the

In addition 10 the vocational training centre, UNRWA runs a teacher's training centre at Naour and its 196 schools in Jordan offer education to some 135,000 male and female stu-

In addition, the agency operates 20 health centres, eight units to teach women dress making skills, seven centres for handicraft activities for women and five centres for the care of the handicapped refugee chil-

Agency sources said that UN-RWA employees from 6,000 people to run its schools, health centres and administrative

De Marco, who toured a number of Palestinian refugee canups in the occupied West Bank, said in a statement here Saturday that one of his first recommendations to the United Nations secretary general would be a stronger recognition of the work of the financially troubled UNRWA in the occupied Arah

The situation in the refugee camps in general was discussed by de Marco at a meeting with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan the Regent Saturday. The Regent called on de Marce, who is also Malta's foregin minister, to urge the United Nations to intensify efforts for resolving the Palestine problem.

Over 1,400 Vietnamese evacuated through Jordan; thousands to come

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

Jordan, with 1,462 of them flown home from Amman since Jan. 2, relief agency officials said Sun-

With the arrival overnight and early Sunday of 794 Vietnamese across Al Ruweished beder post, a total of 956 remained at the transit camp in Azrag, about 100 kilometres northwest of Amman, said Luca Aiolfi, chief of mission of the International Organisation for Migration (IOM) in Jordan.

Aiolfi said his organisation expected another 2,500 Vietnamese to arrive here in the next few days and that all of them would be flown home aboard flights chartered by IOM.

No flights were scheduled Sunday after a charter jetliner carrying about 200 Vietnamese took off for Hanoi in the early hours of the day, said another relief official.

According to reports in the Hanoi media, about 16,300 Vietnamese were working in Iraq on government contracts when Iraq invaded Kuwait Aug. 2. About 9,000 of them have

already returned home, most of

expected evacuation of 5,000 through Jordan, including tnese clue to why they were staying back. Vietnam has no dir omatic representation in Amman.

The evacuation process is handled by various international organisations, including the Red Cross and the United Nations High Commission for Refugees, and local agencies such as Red Crescent and the national Evacuce Welfare Committee.

In addition to the Vietnamese. there are "individual movements" of evacuees from Kuwait and Iraq, said Aiolfi of the IOM. "But these are negligible, withless than 10 or 12 in each

group," he said.
The IOM charters flights wherever the number of evacuces warrants them or gives the evacuees tickets on regular airlines when the numbers are

small. The bulk of the Asian expatriate community in pre-invasion Knwait — Indians, Pakistanis, Sri Lankans, Filipinos and Bangladeshis — has already left.

Asian embassies in Amman confirmed that there was only a small trickle of their nationals passing through Jordan. "As things stand today, we are

them through Turkey. With the not expecting any major wave of evacuees, other than the Vietnamese," Aiolfi said. But the

Seven hundred and fortyseven Sndanese were flown home last week and 112 others arrived Saturday morning, Aiolfi told the Jordan Times.

According to diplomatic sources in Baghdad, the latest departures of Vietnamese need not necessarily mean that the work contracts have been com-

"There are reasons related to Iraqi payments to the contract workers," said one source, "In addition, the Vietnamese find it difficult to ohtain their staple diet - rice," added the source.

In October, the Vietnamese were given rice and other food items from part of a shipment sent to Iraq hy India, which had the highest number of Asian expatriate community in Kuwait. The shipment was sent after obtaining permission from the United Nations Sanctions Committee.

Over 135,000 evacuees have been flown home through Jordan by the IOM, which is directly in charge of the process, which financed by international con-

Gas turbines at Al Risheh AMMAN — A streety flow ofton who left since Jan. 2, that leaves situation, could change in the Vietnamese nationals evacuated an about 2,500 remaining in Iraq. event of a military conflict erupt: "TO DOOST ENERGY DIOCUCTION from Iraq is continuing through or No one was able to give any ing in the Gulf.

AMMAN (J.T.) The Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) is going ahead with plans to install two gas-powered turbines in the Risheh district near the Iraqi border to boost the country's electricity produced from the gas extracted at Al Risheh gas fields, according to JEA Director General Mohammad Saced Arafch.

Arafeh told the Jordan Times that JEA had received bids from various world firms wishing to provide turhines for the project and was now studying the offers. "At the same time, JEA is also weighing the best offer for the cost of moving two gas powered turbines already installed at a point south of Amman to the Risheh area before deciding on the most economically feasible option to carry ont the project." Arafeh said.

According to engineer Ahdul Wahhah Al Zoubi, head of JEA's Projects Department, there is urgent need to install the turhines at the Risheh fields in view of Jordan's increasing demand on energy resources and to cut on imported oil and other fuel under the present difficult circumstances resulting from the Gulf crisis.

Zoubi said that once the two turbines have been installed, gas will be producing nearly 25 per cent of the total amount of electricity needed in the Kingdom, cutting at least JD 15 million from the country's annual oil fuel bill.

the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the cost of installing the two turbines would be covered through loans from Japan and Germany as well as other Eurohines are producing nearly 15 per cent of the country's needs, saving the country up to \$10 million worth of energy fuel a

Last Fehruary a Canadian energy expert working for the Petro Canada International Assistance Corportation said that estimates of gas reserves at Al Risheh field had risen to 500 hillion cuhic feet and might go higher.

Natural Resources Anthority (NRA) Director General Kamal Ireisat said last July that Al Risheh gas fields produced some 22 million cuhie feet of natural gas on a daily hasis, part of which is being used to produce electricity.

In addition to exploiting gas at Al Risheh fields to save energy fuel, the series of energy conservation measures introduced by the government in October 1990 are said to have their share in cutting down on fuel con-

The JEA director said that his department had received very encouraging reports about savings in fuel and a detailed report is to be submitted to the prime minister soon.

Arafeh had said in October that the measures were bound to save the country some 3,550 tonnes of fuel accounting for nearly 1.5 per cent of the total fuel consumption in the Kingdom and six per cent of the total electricity consumption.

that government departments also decided that commerical businesses should cut on their

The government had decided

should have a two-day weekend to cut down on energy and fuel used in building and transport. It

No powdered milk to be used in dairy products AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of

Agriculture Mohammad Alawneh decided Sunday to totally ban the use of powdered milk in dairy factories because of the surplus in the locally produced fresh milk.

In a press conference held at the ministry, Alawneh said the decision was taken following a meeting held earlier in the day. The meeting was attended by the ministry's secretary general, representatives of the dairy factories, the Jordan Cooperative Society, the Ministry of Supply and farmers.

produce of locally produced

possible for the factories to huy all the fresh milk in the market.

The ministry will sell these quantities of powdered milk to other food factories, he said. He said the ministry was working currently on increasing the sources of fresh milk in the

Kingdom. Alawneh said cow breeders were unable to market all their



Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Abdul Latif Arabiyat Sunday holds talks with Richard

Murphy, former U.S. assistant secretary of state

(Petra phnto) House speaker, ex-U.S. troubleshooter agree on need for

extra international efforts for peaceful settlement

Arabiyat, Murphy review situation in the region

AMMAN (J.T.) — Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Abdul Latif Arahiyat Sunday described the situation in the Middle East and the Gulf as most dangerous and critical and said that the peoples of the region are highly fearful of the outcome of a military conflict. "The peoples of the region

view the presence of military forces and foreign troops as constituting a real threat and serving as foreign military bases, not serving their interests," said Arahiyat at a meeting with Richard Murphy, former U.S. assistant secretary of state. Murphy, who came here to

take part in Saturday's roundtable conference at the invitation of His Royal Highness Prince

Hassan, the Regent, reviewed with Arabiyat the present situation in the region and heard the House speaker call for urgent and courageous efforts to reach peace in the Gulf. Arahiyat said that "His

Majesty the King is currently

making a last ditch effort in Europe to save the region from catastrophic wars." A statement following the meeting said that Murphy and

Arabiyat had agreed on the need for extra efforts on the international arena to find a peaceful settlement within the Arah framework and with the assistance of friendly nations. The meeting was attended by the U.S. amhassador to Jordan.

Meanwhile Arahiyat said Sunday that he had received a copy of deliherations of the fourth meeting of the Soviet Union's People's Assembly held last month. "The resolutions and final statement issued at the end of the meeting expressed deep concern over the development of the dangerous situation in the Gulf region and stressed the Soviet Union's support for peaceful solutions," Arabiyat

He said that the assembly's meeting demanded that the Soviet leadership and the Supreme Soviet remain in constant contact with the developments and back all efforts aiming at attaining a peaceful settlement

TENDER ANNOUNCEMENT Jordanian-Syrian Land Transport Co. Invites

Contractors to participate in tender No. 1/91 for supply of spare parts for its Mercedes trucks type (L&LS 2624) as per part numbers and quantities attached with terms of tender.

Contractors wishing to bid for tender can obtain copies of tender documents from the company in Jabal Al-Hussein - behind Ministry of Health — opposite Al-Fadel Ibn Abbas Mosque -Amman for a non-refundable fee of JD 160.000 (One hundred and sixty Jordan Dinars) per a copy, bearing official documents proving their registration in records of trading agents.

Offers should be submitted not later than 2.30 p.m. (local Jordan Time) on Wednesday February 6th, 1991.

Hisham Asfour Chairman/General Manager

HOME NEWS IN BREIF

Prince Hassan, Badran hoid taiks

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Sunday visited the Prime Ministry where he met Prime Minister Mudar Badran. Prince Hassan and Badran discussed local and external issues in the light of the latest developments in the region. The Crown Prince gave his directives on several issues of interest to Jordan, its people, as well as the Arah Nation.

Saralreh meets ministry director's

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Transport and Communications Jamal Al Saraireh met Sunday the directors of the ministry's corporations. Saraireh briefed them on the challenges facing the Kingdom and stressed the importance of cooperation and coordination among the ministry's various departments. He also discussed with them the consequences of implementing the civil service law in some institutions and reviewed the activities and programmes of their various departments for the year 1991.

Seminar to review development issues

AMMAN (Petra) - A three-day seminar entitled "Development in an Islamic Perspective" will be held in Amman on Jan. 20, 1991. The seminar, which is organised by the Royal Academy for Islamie Civilisation Research - Al Al Bait Foundation - and the Islamic Institute for Researches and Training of the Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank, will disucss several issues related to development. The Royal Academy will hold another economic seminar in Amman in the period between Feb. 5 and 7 in cooperation with the Rabatbased Islamic Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation (ISESCO). The seminar will deal with the issue of distribution of wealth in the Islamic economic system, the issue of social security and social cooperation.

JEA completes electrification of Sudan city

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordan Electricity Anthority (JEA) announced Sunday that it had completed work related to the electrification of the Kass city in Sndan and said that it would maintain the presence of a JEA team to help operate the electtric power installations.

The JEA teams, which started working on the project since early 1989, helped to install power generation units and power distribution grids as well as supplying electricity powered pumps on artesian wells, according to a JEA spokesman.

Further more, the JEA last week held talks in Sanaa with Yemeni officials in charge of electricity supplies and power generation. They discussed an agreement on linking the grid between Taez and Aden, a project which the JEA is going to supervise.

JEA said that the team which ha returned to Amman was headed by engineer Ribhu Hamed, director of the JEA International Services Depart-

Zonbi said in a statement to

Currently two gas-driven tur-

Alawneh said the ministry had bought all the stored quantities of powdered milk in the stores of the factories and paid for them in cash in order to make it

The dispute between farmers and the dairy factories began in

By Walced Sadi

Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published in English by the Jordan Press Foundation.

Established 1975

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People — the first priority

THE ROUNDTABLE held in Amman Saturday under the chairmanship of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan ended with an appeal to the international community to look more closely at the bomanitarian aspects of the Gulf crisis. The impact of the Kuwaiti conflict on man and his well-being has gone unnoticed for long, especially by the parties that are preparing for war and destruction in the Gulf region. Being the most hit by demographic pressures and the interruption of its economic life lines as a consequence of the war bysteria in the area, Jordan has been well placed to host such a timely conference. In his keynote speech to the group of eminent international personalities from different walks of life, the Crown Prince poignantly reminded that Jordan's traditional and much acclaimed posture of "terra media" in a sea of bot spots and extremism is being wantonly undermined by the neglect of the humanitarian dimensions of the deteriorating situations in the Gulf region as well as in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Much aid has been promised to Jordan since the flood of evacuees from Iraq and Kuwait began to pour into the Kingdom in August but very little has in fact been received. With the drums of war beating more loudly than ever in the Gulf area, there is clearly a renewed fear that hundreds of thousands of people would opt to escape the wrath of war and seek temporary asylum in Jordan. Given the ill-preparedness of the world to cope with the stampede of peoples across the Jordanian-Iraqi border in the past, unless there is now a ready mechanism to deal with such an eventuality the dimensions of the next surge of refugees on Jordan would simply be unbearable.

With Jordan's economic woes increasing as a direct consequence of the Gulf situation, there is but one solution left to deal with the impacts of the Knwaiti conflict on Jordan and other similarly affected countries in the Middle East. To establish a long-term international fund to foster stability and security in the Middle East and an interim fund to assist Jordan in coping with the extraordinary burdens being placed on its already overburdened shoulders.

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Perhaps the pivotal capitals of the world are simply too preoccupied with war and all the time preparing for it to stop and listen to the deliberations and recommendations of the Amman roundtable. This one-track-minded perspective would further erode the moral dimension of the U.S.-led coalition against Iraq. By stopping to care for man and his environment while vehemently pursuing raw power politics in the Gulf theatre, the power centres of the world have in effect declared wide open the bankruptcy of their objectives. This behaviour can only contribute to the principal players in the Gulf situation earning the contempt and long-term hostility from the peoples of the Middle East who are projected to be the first casualties of world insensitivities for the welfare and well-being of the countries and peoples of the area.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Al Ra'i Arabic daily Sunday urged the European Community countries to speed up efforts for convening an international conference on the Middle East because, it said, this move is bound to pave the way for a successful meeting between the foreign ministers of the United States and Iraq in Geneva on Jan. The paper said that senow ves to convene an international conference can also be conducive to establishing peace in the occupied Arab territories where Israel should be prevented from carrying out further atrocities. The paper said that helping the Americans and the Iraqis to reach a settlement over the Gulf issue is urgent now in the wake of President Bush's statement that his secretary of state would only present Tareq Aziz with a final ultimatum to Iraq to withdraw from Kuwait. The eyes of the world are now turned to Geneva to watch the outcome of the meeting and it would be catastrophic if the United States was going there only to deliver a threat rather than conduct peace negotiations, the paper noted. Washington would be bearing a beavy responsibility before the American public should it deliver a threat to the Iraqis without trying to negotitate with them over the crisis and means to attain peace, the paper continued. But, it said, that the Europeans should not leave the matter to rest there and allow the Americans to have total hegemony on the issue, but should rather take the initiative and pave the way for peace based

Sawt Al Shaab daily ecboed Crown Prince Hassao's views at the round-table conference and the press conference he gave following the meeting in which be stressed the need for the Geneva meeting between the foreign ministers of Iraq and the United States to be based on the concept of defusing the Gulf crisis. The paper said that this rests more or less with the U.S. administration which has not displayed any flexibility so far, and which has proved determined to pursue its aggressive attitude instead of showing tendency towards peace. The American president, the paper noted, should heed advice given to him by former British Prime Minister Edward Heath and members of his Congress who oppose the idea of war and who realise its catastrophic consequences on the United States. While the whole world is now directing its attendon towards Geneva, the Iraqi leadership is hoping that the parley in Switzerland would be open and constructive so that real peace can be achieved, said the paper. But should the United States pursue its aggressive stand and should Bush ignore all pieces of advice from all sources, then the coming meeting would not be given the necessary climare for success, the paper added. It said that if the Bush administration wants to succeed, it must not hold on to its obstinacy and should show respect for the readiness to help implement U.N. Security Council resolutions concerning the Arab-Israeli conflict as well as those pertaining to the Gulf.

Weekly Political Pulse

The day after futuristic

THE Baker-Aziz impending talks have naturally generated much optimism that a diplomatic breakthrough over the Kuwaiti crisis is still attainable inspite of all the gloom surrounding the Gulf conflict. In conjunction with the European Community's determination to intervene at the last hour to save the world from an apocalypse scenario, that would devastate man and his environment, the U.S.-Iraqi negotiations offer additional opportunities for peace in the area.

While pinning much hope on the projected discussions between the two sides to the conflict, there remains the baunting fear that once the dust settles, another type of conflict will most certainly come to the fore among the antagonists in the region, albeit in a more concealed manner. One has got to be euphoric to the point of naivety to believe that the end of the U.S.-Iraqi armed bostility would also put an end to the undercurrent feuds that run so deeply between Iraq and its neighbours. Baghdad cannot be expected to forget and forgive so easily all its neighbours which poised their forces in an offensive manner against it during the Kuwaiti crisis. There is going to be many scores to settle between it and its next door states which manifested a great deal of hostility towards it when the going was tough. Obviously, things will never be the same between Baghdad and Ankara or between Iraq on the one band and Syria and Egypt on the other. This is not to mention the deep wounds that developed between Iraq and Saudi Arabia and the rest of the Gulf states with the possible exception of Oman.

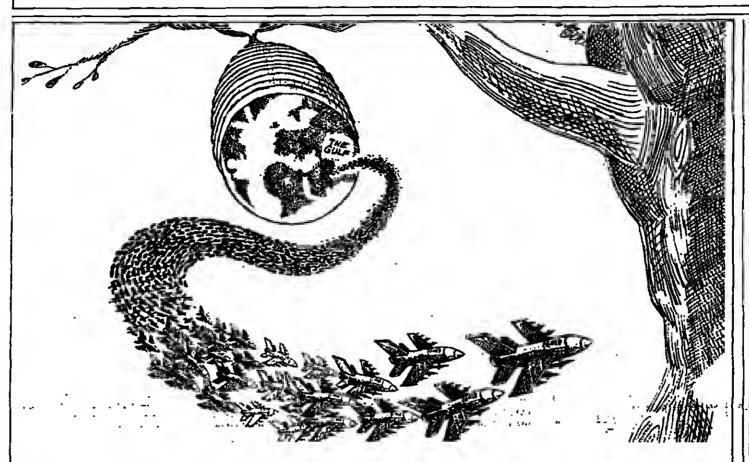
What would ensue from these undercurrent confrontations would of course be open to conjuncture at this time. Most likely each side will aim to destabilise the regimes of the other. In the

process heads may roll and one coup after the other may occur in one country or another. On the economic level, the confrontations between Iraq and its neighbours will most probably take a more ontward appearance. The beyday in economic cooperation between Turkey and Iraq, for example, will be eroded considerably and become the first casualty of the deteriorating Iraqi-Turkisb relations. The future of the two pipelines carrying Iraqi-oil across Turkey will obviously be among the early casualties of this deterioration in relations to be followed by economic war between the two countries. The oil war between Iraq and the rest of the Arab Gulf countries is also projected to assume ominous proportions. OPEC as the world knows today may very well end up undermined.

The moral of the story is that peace in the region is not going to happen simply by formal peace and security arrangements between Iraq and its neighbours. Much more need to be done to address the simmering wounds that erupted between them in an effort to heel them effectively and permanently. Much time will also be required in order to reestablish confidence between Iraq and its neighbouring states. Even more relevant is the need for vision and far sight in restructuring the future relations between Iraq and its neighbours. On Iraq's futurstic relations with the Arab regimes that joined forces with Washington in preparation for a military strike against it, wishful thinking and pious protestadons would never be sufficient to put the Arab order on the right path again. Not that the Arab order was ever on the right path. Yet the return to "normalcy" in inter-Arab relations would be the first step towards a genuine transformation in inter-Arab relations. In

this vein, what would be the most urgent requirement is the re-construction of confidence-building blocks to cement the new order within the Arab World. For this purpose, there would be a need to visualise a conceptual framework for the future relations in the Arab Naoon. Such a visionary outlook must embody a mion form between the Arab countries that is on par with the union form between the Arab countries that is on par with the accommodated within the Gulf Cooperation Council. Secondly accommodated within the Gulf Cooperation Council. Secondly the Arab Cooperation Council needs to be restructured after it bas proved its futility in the face of the first test. It would be ridiculous to think in terms of resuscitating it from death after the dust settles. Thirdly, Egypt in fact belongs more to the North African Arab states tier as well as to the Middle East region. Syria, Jordan, Lebanon, Palestine and Iraq compose a separate Arab subgrouping that warrants a special edifice for them as well. With Iraq occupying a pivotal place within the Gulf Cooperation Council, its additional place within the Middle East Arab states formation would offer it an opportunity to be the link that unites the Middle East Arab grouping with that of the Gulf region. Egypt can play a similar role by becoming the link that joins the Arab Maghreb with the Middle East.

As important as these considerations are, the restoration of faith and trust among the Arab countries would require the introduction of democratic rule to them. True and operational democracy is the only permanent way to bring genuine harmony once again to the Arab fold. Only through democratisation there can be peace between the Arab countries because through it the Arab peoples would be the final arbiters.



Americans want priority for home problems

By Tom Wicker

ROCHESTER, Vermont — Despite a flood of Christmas sentimentality about "the kids over there" (this time including women), little appetite for war in the Middle East can be found among the American people; quite the opposite.

Americans, it seems to me, are deeply troubled by the sheer incongruity of mounting a huge military operation abroad, the necessary purpose of which remains unclear, while the economy deteriorates at thome, our children go begging the shooting, crime spirals upward, the schools educate poorly if at all, million neither bave nor can afford medical care and bridges fall down on the homeless sleep-ing beneath them.

ing beneath them.

A sampling of holiday domestic news makes the point:

Dec. 20 — The Commerce
Department revised its estimate of third quarter growth
in GNP from 1.7 per cent to an
anemic 1.4 per cent. The

fourth quarter will be worse.

Dec. 21 — In 1990, the New York metropolitan area lost about 100,000 private industry jobs, according to a federal survey. Three more of the nation's largest banks reported millions in bad loan write-offs or dividend reductions. For 1991, U.S. businesses plan to expand spending by only 0.4 per cent, the least in five years.

Dec. 22 — The senior economist of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board said it would take three to five years for growth to resume in New York City. U.S. health care spending was announced to have reached \$804 billion last year, but although the law requires lead-poisoning tests for all the nadon's 12 million poor children, only a third according to the property of the property of the posterior to the property of t

actually are being tested.

Dec. 23 — In Washington.
five children, one only 6 years
old, were shot by other
youngsters from a passing car;

there have been 471 bomicides in the city this year. The federal budget office sought about \$1 billion in reductions in aid to mass transit, despite a recent increase in the gasoline tax.

Dec. 24 — Experts said the bealth of Americans in the inner cities bad deteriorated to "critical condition." while the rest of us are healthier and living longer. Even the television networks suffered one of their worst years; all lost market sbare, and CBS annonneed a fourth quarter loss.

Dec. 25 — Retailers reported "the poorest Christmas season in years" as shoppers didn't show up. Signs of the first U.S. price deflation since the 1940s also were reported — bad signs for a government, businesses and people burdened with debt.

Dec. 26 — Further signaling recession, a wide spectrum of American maoufacturers,

internal affairs.

caught in a price squeeze, are deterring plans to modernise and expaod. Some are laying off employees.

And on and on. It is ture that spending for another war might provide stimulus to a sick economy. But that is not only a distasteful way to prime the pump; it is inefficient, in lives and money. Already the Pentagon is baving to pay premium prices — sometimes twice standard rates — for shipping space to the Gulf. Anyway, it is not just eco-

Anyway, it is not just economic problems but values that trouble Americans as Jan. 15 nears. In Britain in 1939, leaders sought "peace in our ome" and sbrank from a war to defend a people "of whom we know little." Now, in ironic reversal, many Americans sense that their most pressing problems are at home, largely unattended by leaders in the fatal grip of superpower, illusions, who hasten them into ill-considered war — The New York Times.

Contempt breeds hatred

. By Khaled Mahadin

IT seems that I had failed to express my views clearly in my earlier article published on Jan. 1, 1991 under the title of A Horrifying Beautiful Idea. Numerous telephone calls and different contacts with me proved that readers bad misunderstood what I had meant to express in that article in which I voiced my belief that Jordanian parents and sons alike bave been filled with hatred towards all that is British or American. I went back to my article and found that it did not present the idea which I had in mind; and perhaps this failure was behind the outcry raised about the article, especially among foreign nationals living in Jordan.

What I meant to say in that article is that we Jordanians constitute part of the Arab Natioo and believe in amity and affection as a real foundation and a true concept for dealings among members of the buman family. For this reason, we had never been accused at any time in the past of being vindictive racists nor are we so now, although we are horrified by certain feelings crowding into our minds as a result of the handling by Washington and London of the Gulf crisis reflecting Western contempt of the Arabs who they wish to bumiliate and destroy. What deepeoed the feeling of offence is the fact that while the

What deepeoed the feeling of offence is the fact that while the Palestinians are being massacred in cold blood the so-called civilised world cootinues to turn a blind eye to the plight of the Palestinians, but focuses attention only on the Gulf issue, insisting on pursuing all endeavours to render Iraqi children a prey to death and starvation by maintaining an embargo on Iraq depriving its children of milk and medicine, Furthermore, the non-stop barrage of statements and the escalated shameful campaign directed against our homeland and our nation has helped to fill us with hatred, simply because the West continues to adopt a double standard policy towards the Gulf and Palestine. Such hatred, caused by the West's hostile attitude towards us, could create "a psychological defect" in our children who are supposed to be raised in a pure atmosphere of affection and innocence.

For us in Jordan, we feel that the whole situation is a source of concern because we have always treated nur guests in foreign oationals with affection and care — a state of affairs which I am sure will remain unchanged. But we feel that it is our right to be cautious and keep a watchful eye against "the pheoomena of malice" which I referred to in my previous article, and also keep a watchful eye on those who are lying in wait for us trying to do us barm or to mar our image or disturb our stability and abuse our natural bospitality and our keenness to protect and give care to

Our guests.

Like other Jordanians, I feel that the Western enmity is directed towards the Arab Nation and its causes; and this enmity is directed particularly through the majurity of politicians in London and Washington and a number of other bostile capitals in the West. I also realise that peoples do not barbour feelings of malice or batred or racism; and the anti-war protests and demonstrations being staged in American, British and European cities serve as a manifestation of a rejection of aggression and the idea of war; and that they display a desire for peace and love among nations of the world.

I admit once again that my previous article had failed to express my ideas and thoughts which I consider as very serious and causing concern. But I am sure of the fact that the Jordanian people who have always been characterised with the noblest buman nature will remain generous and hospitable, and will continue to provide all protection to Jordan's guests.

Editors Note: In his previous article the writer cited a nomber of letters he received from members of the public expressing strong sentiments of hatred towards American and Britain for their resentful attitude towards the Arab Nation.

LETTERS

Beyond propaganda

To the editor:

AMID the rhetoric and hypocrisy of the U.S. invasion of the Gulf area one senses two things: First, the U.S. is constantly inconsistent and second, this is an unmistakable aura of an empire in decline. While Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev allowed Stalinism in Eastern Europe to unravel. President Bush's henchmen chose Christmas time to counteract the alleged transgressions of President Saddam of Iraq.

For some years Gen. Noriega was the U.S' man in Panama and when the U.S. no longer wanted him he refused to leave quietly, so the U.S. sent in troops to remove him. The cost to the U.S. in lives and wealth was great. What transpires from that is the need for Americans to state their clear objectives in Central America and many congressmen stated publicly that "it should be to achieve political stability and self-determination, with an emphasis on promoting democracy." Applying these standards to the Gulf area one cannot help but laugh. The United States should use its influence to see that peace processes proceed and not war. It also should treat the Gulf countries as friends and distant neighbours to aid and help them to develop their economic and political systems while refraining from interference in their

There is little wisdom in the western tactic of sanctions and blockade which puts a gun to the head of a whole national economy, and in the threat of an oil cut-off, which poses a similar threat to the economy of the West. This automatically will lead to the conclusion that only mad people will decide to go for war. The high technology, beginning 500 years ago with the cannon, accelerating in the 19th century and culminating with nuclear weapons and ICBMs. prohibits the thinking of a just-war. The personalising of war and its effects through the mass media is becoming a very important factor in war decision. Jeff Smith who teaches at UCLA and is the auther of "Unthinking the Unthinkable: Nuclear Weapons and Western Culture" says that the media in the U.S. 'especially TV' are pretty poor at "zooming out" from the present situation and presenting the big picture, but they are excellent at "zooming in" to give us dramaóc close-ups of the victims of conflicts, the charred wreckage of a failed helicopter

raid of GIs beld away from their homes.

In a chess game pawns on both sides thrust forward first, while bishops, knights and Queens manoeuvre at the rear. The mere fact that Iraq plays with the big boys convey the impression that all participants in the game want to stay off balance as long as

possible with the best solution for the crisis being "no solution."

The Middle East's future is bleak. And no matter what happens war or peace, the masses in the area will certainly not wave American flags they just might be burning them.

Dr. Esam Sbannag Yarmonk University Irbid

Allah's world is coming

To the Editor:

THE end, as everybody can see, is approaching fast. The point of contention is whose world is this. America, driven by dark agenda. But by the oature of things this can no longer be accepted. The rest of the world says no to George Bush even though the forces of the puppet regimes say yes and come marching to their death. No to the dull looking president with his arrogance of James Baker who now looks and behaves like Satan which they created and worshipped and to which they can say no them by the day.

Saddam Hussein has been able to bare the hypocrites for all to see. The immorality of America's world order is finally exposed and it cannot stand the test. A new world order is passionately needed at least to rid the arrogant of their suffering. If George Bush and company wants to bring the temple down on their heads, let it be. No one can save them. Their world does not deserve to be lived in. Allah promised humanity a different world. And mark my word: It shall be soon coming!

Ibrahim Abn Nab

ing the second s

white uniforms. "I feel like I am with a happy family here," said Nguyen Xuan Thanh, who has not slept or eaten properly since he was wounded in the head hy an exploding shell in Cambodia in 1984. "When I do sleep, I dream I am-back in Cambodia, hack in

the fighting."
His handshake goes on for mioutes. His legs shake constantly.

The hospital is quiet, clean and hare. There are no screams, just the occasional shout or the sound of a rich haritone voice bursting into spontaneous song.

Vietnam has had more than its fair share of wars. A brief lull after the communist victory in South Vietnam in 1975 was shattered three years later hy internecine conflict with Hanoi's former brothers-in-arms, the Khmer Rouge.

The Vietnamese invasion of Cambodia in 1978 removed Pol Pot's Khmer Ronge from power but started a guerrilla war which is still going on. Vietnam formally withdrew its forces in 1989. Relatives of soldiers unable to still those who cannot recover

Spain declares war

itred

'American go home' readapt to civilian life rarely talk from what they have seen or about the problems. One, who done," said Phung. wearing asked not to be named, said her army fatigues under his white brother-in-law had been thrown doctor's coat.

out his home by a family unable to live with his violent outbursts and paranoia. The last she heard of him was that he had hnilt a I.8-metre wall around his shack and was refus-

ing to see all visitors.

Dr. Nguyen Phung, who has worked at 103's mental ward for 20 years, said there were many clinically ill men who had not been treated

"We cannot hope to treat them all," he said. "We still have those patients whom we cannot cure. We can do nothing

for them." No homanitarian organisations fund the hospital. Vietnam's largest mental home for

Treatment is therefore kept simple. Phnng emphasises natural medical treatment like reflexology and acupuncture alongside simple group therapy techniques. Few patients are sedated.

The mental scars nursed at the hospital run as deep as those of America's Vietnam veterans portrayed in the films "The Deerhunter" and "Born On The

Fourth Of July." "War is war. Vietnamese solsaid as he wandered slowly ican go home." diers may have a slightly different meotal approach because they won the war hut there are

around the yard, looking intent-

ly at the flowers. Not being able to have normal relations with his wife consumes On one of the quiet his mind, Phung said.
There is little of the stigma whitewashed verandahs of the

hospital, Le Xuan Duc speaks which faced American servicemen returning from the Vietnam through his tears about the experience 23 years ago which des-

But amid the country's continuing poverty and diplomatic isolation, few people can afford sympathy for sufferers of an illness they do not understand.

They are not outcasts here. But our budget is small. We cannot afford to be too kind," said hospital vice-director Dr. Thai Hong Quang. "Please ex-plain to the world that we need more help in our work.

As the afternoon shadows grow, the ward settles after the excitement of its first visit by a Western journalist.

Among the patients who sing. do exercises or learn English. weave straw mats or sleep, there is only a hint of the trauma Nguyeo Khoa Diem was 19 underneath.

One patient sits shuddering violently. Another liable to attack others or attempt suicide, is kept under peremanent watch. In the courtyard outside, a youth agitated by the presence has not heen home since. of a foreigner walks up and "I can't have children," he down quickly, shouting: "Amer-

U.S. Muslims confront divided loyalties

By David Briggs The Associated Press

NEW YORK — Iraq's call for an international Islamic conference as American forces prepare for the possibility of war has forced U.S. Muslims to confront their own divided loyalties.

Although many oppose the presence of U.S. troops in Saudi Arahia, the home to Islam's two holiest shrines, their opposition to Iraq'a invasion of Kuwait has left few Muslim leaders here amenable to attending the conference next week in Baghdad.

"I know Saddam personally," said Mohammad T. Mehdi, secretary-general of the National Council on Islamic Affairs. If I go there. I'll either have to shut up or support the invasion.

But at least one U.S. Muslim leader has accepted the invita-

Nihad Hamid, secretaryeneral of the Federation of Islamic Associations in the U.S. and Canada, said he is going to Baghdad for the same reason some Christian leaders have visited: To promote peace.

For the sake of our American boys in the Gulf, our duty is to take some chance, he said. "Our duty as a Muslim and as an

plementing all Security Council re-

solutions on all the outstanding

For example, be said, "the Israelis

haven't even started to talk with the

Baker was to fly initially to Lon-

don for meetings with the leaders of

Washington's staunchest ally Mon-

day at which yet another lough

warning to Iraq is certain to be

Then, on Tuesday, he will seek in brief stops in Paris and Bonn 10

ensure he still has the full support of

France and Germany in the last crucial days before the deadline.

brief stops in Egypt, Saudi Arabia, the Gulf emirates and possibly Syria.

- Iraq's three main Arab oppo

Arabia and Egypt, said the Baker-Aziz talks were the last chance for a

In a press statement after two days

of talks, the foreign ministers of the

three countries described the talks as

the "last chance for a peaceful settle-

In other Gulf development:

nents in the Gulf crisis, Syria,

After the Aziz meeting, he plans

problems in the area.

sounded

American is to attend the conference to prevent war."

The three-day Islamic conference is scheduled to hegin Wednesday, six days before the United Nations deadline for Iraq to withdraw from Kuwait or face the use of force. Iraqi Religious Affairs Minister Abdullab Fadhil said the conference-would draw up a strategy for Islamic action to respond to military action against his country.

Western deplomats have said the conference represents another effort by Iraq to elicit Islamic support for its secular regime. In his new year's message, Saddam struck hard at Muslim concerns about the presence of foreign troops in Saudi Arahia.

He said King Fahd of Saudi Arahia deserved the title of traitor of the two holy mosques. Saddam's strategy strikes at

sympathetic chords. David Kerr, a professor of Islamic studies and director of the Macdonald Centre for the study of Islam and Christian-Muslim Relations at Hartford Semioary, said even liberal Muslims are impatient to the point of non-acceptance to the presence of foreign troops in Islam's holy

I think it's fair to say that Mugabe, on a four-day state visit,

wants to drum up support for the 102-nation Non-Aligned Movement

to play a vigorous role to help defuse

the crisis, a Zimbabwean official said

- Yugoslav Foreign Minister Budimar Loncar Saturday discussed

a proposed Gulf peace initiative by

the Non-Aligned Movement with Kuwain officials in exile in Saudi

Loncar met with Kuwairi prime

ninister, Sheikh Saad Al Ahmad Al

Sabah, Foreign Minister Sheikh

Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah and

other senior Kuwaiti officials, said

Loncar met with the emir, Sheikh

Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabab, Friday

- OPEC President Sadek Bousse

na was quoted Sunday as saying the Gulf appeared headed for war, but a

peaceful solution was still possible to

In an interview with the Algerian evening daily Al Messa, Boussena declined to predict how high world

oil prices would climb in the event of

war, but said no one would benefit.

third black African state to join the

multi-national force against Iraq

when it sends 200 soldiers to the Gulf

early next week, military sources

Senegal has contributed 500 men to the U.S.-led force, now more than

580,000-strong, and Niger has sent

- A former Israeli intelligence

- Sierra Leone will become the

avoid "disastrous" consequences.

the sources.

said Sunday.

nearly 500.

Arabia, Kuwaiti sources said.

while most Muslim organisations that I'm in touch with condemn the illegality of the invasion, they are anything on a scale from very unhappy to just completely opposed to an American presence in Saudi Arahia, Kerr

Hamid, who plans to attend the Iraqi conference, said the occupation of Kuwait is an inter-

Arah prohlem. Our nation should not be involved in it, especially in a place like Saudi Arabia, where the holy shrines are located, Hamid

said. But it has not swung many U.S. Muslims toward Iraq's side, according to some Muslim leaders and scholars.

"Our position, and the general position of the rest of the American Muslims, is that while we are against the American military buildup as a threat to world peace, we are 100 per cent against the invasion of Kuwait,"

Mehdi said. Zaheer Udden, president of the New York chapter of the Islamic Circle of North America, said that while 99 per cent of Muslims oppose the intervention of U.S. force, "the big majority don't like the invasion of Kuwait

many people in Arah countries who will not be inclined to look beyond the rhetoric against the Uoited States, Mehdi said.

The U.S. force in the region now stands at 335,000 and is expected to reach about 430,000

by month's end. The Pentagon said 245,000 troops from allied

Dawud Assad, secretary-

general of the Council of Masa-

jid in the U.S.; said some Islamic

scholars have defended the pre-

sence of U.S. troops on the

grounds that the Koran allows

help from non-Muslims to pro-

"Our stand is everybody con-

And Iraq's attempts to exploit

the situation are damaged hy its

own "lack of credibility" among

religious Muslims, said Kerr.

Kerr cited Saddam's leadership

of Iraq's secular Arah Baath

Socialist party, his past repres-

sion of Islamic fundamentalists

in Iraq and his warnings of the

spread of Islamic fundamental-

ism in eliciting help during the

But all that may not matter to

Iran-Iraq war.

demns the attack by Iraq," he

nations are in the area.

tect against aggressors.

"They will support anybody as long as he stands against Western colonialism," he said.

coming days," he said.

Bernard made no comment on

Minerrand, former West German Chancellor Willy Brandt and Soviet

followed by mediated talks between the two countries on their borders,

Ortega said, tion of weapons of mass destruction in the Middle East and a U.N. Security Council resolution calling

"If Israel rejects this (resolution)... the Security Council should then call for the application of sanctions just as it did in the case of

Ibrahim

confict in the Gulf. But Rafsanjani's hardline, anti-Western rivals have been pressing him to join Iraq in a

The Times said Ibrahim will be the highest-ranking Iraqi official to visit Iran since both coun-

Ibrahim is among a handful of top Iraqi officials close to Sad-

out movement in the coming days.
"It is 100 had that the occasion

by force, no. 1."

a news conference. Ortega said be would meet on Monday with U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar in New York. He would then fly to Amman before beading to Baghdad for talks with President Saddam either on Thursday or Friday.

nista National Liberation Front, told

He said the proposal represented "spirit of the third world" on the Gulf crisis but also resulted from talks with French President Francois officials,

According to the proposal Iraq's withdrawal from Kuwait would be

The proposal also calls for a U.N.supervised conference on eradica-

for Israel's withdrawal from the occupied territories, he said.

Kowait and Iraq," Ortega said. Ortega met with Saddam twice in November and December along with other Middle East leaders including His Majesty King Hussein and Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi.

(Coutinued from page 1)

with the West and the regional Arab countries, has insisted Iran will remain neutral in a possible

confrontation with the United

tries agreed to peace, formally ending the 1980-88 war.

Lurope (Continued from page 1) the Iraqi refusal hnt did not rule

has not been seized," said Foreign Ministry spokesman Daniel

"The invitation remains valid and things could change in the

Iraq's suggestion that the EC delegation could come to Baghdad. Nor did he elaborate on his comment that the coming days could see a changed situation.

Hamas

(Continued from page 1) The deaths of over 20 Palestinians in police gunfire on Oct. 8 in Jerusalem and the Gulf crisis have added to Hamas' support among Palestinians.

Last month, Hamas slogans on the wall of a factory where three Israelis were stabbed to death took responsibility for the slayings. Israel responded by arresting hundreds of Hamas activists and ordering four of

them deported. -But Yassin said the would not stop the Palestinian

people from achieving their pur-"For every act there is a reaction. This will not weaken the

Palestinian people. The Palestinian people are fighting for their rights and they will get them."

Mogadishu

(Continued from page 1) Omani capital Muscat said the evacuees were expected to arrive in Oman in about two days.

Earlier Saturday, the Soviet Foreign Ministry in Moscow announced the entire staff of the Soviet emhassy in Somalia had taken refuge in the U.S. embassy and hoped to be evacuated hy

the U.S. military. Meanwhile, a Kenyan official and Somalia's amhassador to Egypt denied unconfirmed reports that Siad Barre had fled to Kenya.

"The legitimate government is still in charge (in Somalia) and the president is practicing his leadership role," Amhassador Ahdullahi Hassan Mahmoud told reporters in Cairo.

on the hamburger ing a mioimnm acceptable Reuter level," said the consumer study. It also found traces of bacteria in

By Stephen Brown

MADRID - Spain's bealth ministry, worried about the health of hamhurger-munching youngsters, has declared war on the fast-food favourite and adviced Spaniards to cut their intake or risk dangerously high cholesterol levels.

The ministry ordered local authorities to carry out quality and hygiene tests on burger-hars all over Spain after a damning study by the consumer organisation said hamburgers in U.S-owned fast-food chains contained poor quality meat, lashings of cholesterol and were of scant

"Hamburgers build up" cholesterol and tests we have done show that children, who eat most hamburgers, are beginning to suffer from high cholesterol levels," said a minis-

try spokeswoman. The ministry's secretary general for consumer affairs, Cesar Brana, has been meeting managers of the giant U.S. fastfood chains McDonalds, Burger King and Wendy to explain the

move. After meeting representatives from Wendy and Burger King on Friday, Brana said they had pledged to cooperate with a government programme to promote healthier eating styles and to swap animal fats for vegetable

fats in frying to cut cholesterol. U.S.-style hamburger hars are extremely popular in Spain, as in most West European countries, hut Brana warned that more than one burger a week constituted "abuse" and was unhealthy. High cholesterol intake is a major cause of heart disease.

"In general the products of Wendy now show an average quality somewhat higher than the rest, though scarcely obtainsome burgers but said "that does not mean the food is contaminated enough to provoke infection."

The fast-food chains reacted angrily to the study. Carlos Arambarri, marketing director for Burger King's 42 restaurants in Spain, told reporters it was a "wicked lie."

"It is completely banal and destructive," he said. "We do not agree with anything it says." Wendy's quality control direc-

tor Juan Carlos Caballo said the food sold in its 14 restaurants in part of a balanced diet, while a McDonalds spokesman said the company was confident that it had proved its high standards of quality at its 37 establishments

The health ministry spokeswoman said the government was trying to counter the craze for fast-food by promoting the healthier so-called "Mediterranean diet," which concentrates on vegetables, fruit and fish, and olive oil rather than animal and

vegetable fats. One American living in Madrid said it was unfair to single out U.S. fast-food restaurants when hygiene standards in many Spanish bars and restaurants are not very high. Spanish tapas (snack) bars are often carpeted with discarded paper napkins, sea-

food shells and toothpicks. "It's incredible they're saying this about American restaurants which have such high standards of cleantiness, when you walk into some Spanish bars and the mayonnaise can kill you," he

"I am going to carry on eating hamhurgers. I don't believe all

Saddam

troyed his life.

On Christmas Day, 1967,

while working as a border guard

in his village in Thanh Hoa

Province, Duc emerged from his

house to go fishing. Moments later U.S. planes bombed the

village, killing his family and

hospital, hard iron frames sof-

tened hy a thin layer of foam

ruhher. Patients are usually dis-

charged after two months,

Phung said. Three hundred pa-

Victims of chemical weapons

used by the American forces are

also treated for related mental

when in February 1975, two

months before the war ended, he

was exposed to chemicals un-

leashed by fleeing forces of the

Saigon government. He has

heen in and out of hospitals, hut

tients are treated a year.

There are only 60 beds in the

leaving him a mental wreck.

(Continued from page 1) cause confusion which will divide

he said. He said Iraq was pitted against the "U.S. administration, its proppet Zionist entity and those bad people who have allied with them."

Saddam also touched on Iraq's preparations for battle and spoke of an unprecedented marshalling of re-"There are facilities of strategic

nature that could not be imagined elsewhere - flow and speed in communications, mobilisation and military logistics.
"The mother of battles will also be

(conducted) under an experienced, cohesive military leadership. These are the many advantages of the battle, which are free of many complications." It would be an honour for the

believers to fight on one of the days of this battle... which aims at liberating Palestine and the Golan Heights under the banner. God is greater," he said. (See excerpts of Saddam's Iraq's army leaders pleds

ty to President Saddam. "We will teach the enemies of Iraq, the nation, and mankind un-forgettable lessons," the Iraqi News Agency (INA) qunted the Seventh Corps Commander as telling the Iraqi leader in an army day salute. In Hafr Al Batin, Saudi Arabia.

King Fahd said meanwhile he shared Bush's "gut instinct" that Iraq would pull out of Kuwait. The king, in a rare, impromptu meeting with reporters, also appeared to offer Baghdad an incen-

tive, by saying that Iraq might escape "international punishment" if it left Kuwait peacefully. King Fahd, scated in a traditional bedouin tent pitched in the unending flatness of the onrthero Arabian desert, said if Saddam left Kuwait peacefully "it would be in his

"It will make matters easy... maybe without any further punishment," he said. "And always there is a way to negoriate and talk and make agree-ments in the future so things like (those) which happened now will not

favour."

be repeated," he continued. The Saudi monarch made his comments during a review of more than 5,000 troops from the international forces arrayed near the Kuwaiti bor-

der. Accompanying King Fahd in a

display of solidarity were most of the top military commanders for the multinational force. They included Saudi Defence Minister Prince Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz, U.S. army General Norman Schwarzkopf, head of the American forces in the Gulf, and his British counterpart Lieutenant-General Sir Peter de la

The visit was the king's first to the multinational force.
"I do share with President Bush

his instinct and his hope," the Saudi monarch said when asked about Bush's recent comment that his "gut instinct" was that Iraq would leave Kuwait without a fight.

The Saudi leader, speaking through an Interpreter, said Iraq's departure from Kuwait remained a precondition for negotiations. But withdrawal could be the basis

for a settlement of grievances be-tween Iraq and Kuwait. "If there is any demand by Iraq to Kuwait, the two countries should sit together and discuss it between themselves, and whatever they agree on we will support," he said. "If they want us to intervene in

any way and be part of any negotia-tions we will be bappy to do that." The king said he was pleased that the Iraqi and American foreign ministers would meet on Wednesday in Geneva, but said that the talks would succeed only if Iraq was prepared to discuss withdrawal from

Kuwait. "The question is whether Tareq Aziz is going to the meeting with any peadiness to discuss matters like this, If he goes there to discuss this withdrawal, then the meeting will be

good," he said. Despite his conciliatory words, the king emphasised that if Iraq did not pull out of Kuwait, he was prepared for war.

Baker

(Continued from page 1)

in its resolve to dislodge Iraqi troops. Asked whether war was looming, Scowcroft said: "I hope not, but that's up to Saddam Hussein." The Iraqi ambassador said that the U.N. Security Council resolution was unfair if similar force is not

applied to other disputes.
"We bave to solve all the problems in the area," he said. "The
Security Council has to be true to itself" in implementing resolutions. Masbat added that the United Nations must be "serious in im-

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... They warned, however, that there could be no solution that did not include a total Iraql withdrawal from Kuwait. Hundreds of foreigners fearing a Gulf war might spread to Israel flew home Sunday and Foreign

ment of the Gulf crisis."

peaceful settlement.

Minister David Levy said a speech by President Saddam amounted to a declaration of war. Saddam said Sunday the Iraq army was ready for the mother of all wars to enforce Iraq's claim to Kuwaii and to liberate Palestine.

"I believe that, with all the hopes there are, today's address by Saddam Hussein is in effect a declaranion of war," Levy told reporters after the weekly cabinet meeting. - Three more intercational airlines are suspending flights to Israel because of sharply higher insurance

airport officials said. The Polish national carrier Los and Cyprus Airways halted flights from Sunday and Scandinavian Air-line System (SAS) said it would suspend operations from Jan. 8. Zimbabwean President Robert Mugabe arrived in Nigeria Sunday for talks likely to be dominated by the search for a peaceful solution to

costs ahead of a possible Gulf war,

the Gulf crisis. Nigeria is an influential member of the Organisation of Petroleum Ex-porting Countries (OPEC) and Zim-babwe this month joined the U.N. Security Council.

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chief said the Gulf crisis could end in war because of mistakes by the U.S. and Iraqi presidents. Aharon Yariv, a former head of military intelligence and now head of the Jaffee Centre for Strategic Stu-

dies, said he believed a peaceful solution was possible. But misunderstandings between Bush and Saddam could destroy this opportunity. "We have these two people who don't understand each other very well, and that can be a serious cause

for misunderstanding, which can lead to war," Yariv told a news

- Former Nicaraguan President
Daniel Ortega said Saturday he
would go in Baghdad with a peace
plan that called for Iraq's gradual
retreat from Kuwaii and Israel's withdrawal from the occupied terri-

"We bave been working on a proposal that contemplates the gra-dual retreat until the total withdrawal of Iraq from Kuwaii," Ortega, the leader of the opposition leftist Sandi-

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Liverpool escapes humiliation

giants Liverpool escaped a humiliating defeat hy second division Blackburn Rovers by just seconds in the F.A. Cup third round Saturday.

The two sides drew 1-1 after Blackburn, who had been successfully defending a one-goel lead for most of the second half, hit an own goal just before the final whistle.

The capecity 19,000-strong crowd at Blackburn's Windy Ewood Park ground were already on their feet celebrating wben fullback Mark Atkins scored the own goal in injury

Liverpool, the favourites and first division leaders, will take on Blackburn at Anfield in the replay Tuesday.

Tottenham and Arsenal both went through to the fourth round but the higgest surprise of the day was non-league side Woking, who upset second division West Bromwich Alhion. 4-

Woking, the only non-league side to go through to the last 32, were belped by a bat-trick from Tim Buzaglo, who plays cricket for Gihralter.

Arsenal, still without captain Tony Adams who is serving a jail sentence for drunken driving. beat Sunderland 2-1 with firsthalf strikes by Alan Smith, scoring his 13th goal in 11 games. and Swede Anders Limpar.

Tottenham's 1-0 victory at fourth division Blackpool came with a 69th-minute goal by Paul Stewart from a curling free kick

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) -

Ivan Lendl heads a depleted

men's singles field for the New

South Wales Open Tennis

Championships, which begin

Monday at the White City Com-

The top-seeded Lendl faces

Australian Davis Cup player

Wally Masur in his first round

match in the 32-player singles

by the late withdrawals of Amer-

ican John McEnroe and Swede

Mats Wilander from the men's

draw and Monica Seles of

Yugoslavia, the world's no. 2-

ranked woman, from the .. 56-

player women's singles competi-

Seles withdrew on Sunday from

The tournament has been hit

competition.

3 k 1: 2 6 2: 3

Blackhurn's heartbreak came amid swirling winds and bad

Both sides were reduced to 10 men in the second half. Blackburn's Irish international Kevin Moran, the only man ever to get a red card in the F.A. Cup final in his days with Manchester United, got his marching orders for sional foul on Ian Rush. Liverpool's Swedish captian Glenn Hysen followed eight minutes later for a similar offence

on goal-scorer Simon Garner. Garner, making only his seventh appearance of the season after a groin injury, bad put his side 1-0 up in the 46th minute with a half volley.

Blackhurn manager Don MacKay has proud of his side despite the draw and sympathwith Atkins, who saw the ball go into the net off his leg. "The wind won a little hit today." MacKay said. "It made it very deceptive."

Blackburn, who won the cup 100 years ago, are languishing near the bottom of the second division with just one win from their last 10 league games.

"It breaks my heart why they can't play like this in the said MacKay. Midfielder John Ebbrell res-

cued Everton from defeat hy Charlton with two goals that turned their match around. Charlton took a 31th-minute

lead with a header by Alex Dyer, signed from Crystal

the event, saying she was tired.

She deferred making a decision

on whether to play in the Au-

stralian Open until the middle of

The New South Wales Open is

the final official warmup for the

Australian Open, the year's

opening Grand Slam event,

which begins Jan. 14 at the

National Tennis Centre in Mel-

Lendl Saturday won a six-man

exhibition event at Salamander

Bay, north of Sydney, beating

German Carl-Uwe Steeb in the

Jonas Svensson of Sweden,

the no. 2 seed, plays compatriot

Magnus Gustafsson in his first

round match, while third-seeded

Frenchman Guy Forget plays

this week.

bourne.

Lendl heads New South Wales Tennis open entries

by England World Cup hero Palace fro \$190,000 in October.
Paul Gascoigne. Palace fro \$190,000 in October.
But Ebbrell levelled the score

Bnt Ebbrell levelled the score nine minutes later when he picked up a free kick from transferlisted Kevin Sheedy that was allowed to bounce across the

Charlton penalty area. He then scored the winner for Everton in the 60th minute when be chipped the ball over goalkeeper Bob Bolder from the

edge of the area. First division Chelsea and Derby went out of the cup, both beaten by second division opposition.

The London side lost 3-1 at home to Oxford United while Derby, despite a clutch of splendid first-half saves from former England goalkeeper Peter Shilton who was back after injury, were beaten 2-0 at Newcastle.

The draw for the fourth of the cup, to be played on Jan. 26 and was being made Sunday even though defending champions Manchester United do not play their third-round match against Queen's Park Rangers until Monday.

In Scotland, Glasgow Rangers continued their relentless charge towards the premier division title with a 1-0 win against a Hearts side reduced to 10 play-

Scottish World Cup defender Craig Levein was sent off in the 63rd minute for a challenge on Mark Hateley, who went on to score the winning goal from close range three minutes before the final whistle.

Referre Jim Renton was given

Jakoh Hlasek, seeded fourth,

The other men's seeds are

faces fellow Swiss Nicals Kulti.

Americans Jay Berger (5) and

Aaron Krickstein (6). Soviet

Andrei Cherkasov (7) and Marc

American Mary Joe Fernan-

dez, ranked no. 4 in the world, is

the top seed in the women's

The top eight seeds in the

women's singles all have first

Arantxa Sanchez-Vicario of

Spain is the no. 2 seed ahead of

Manuela Maleeva-Frangnier of

Switzerland (3) and American

The other seeded players are

Natalia Zvereva of the Soviet

liked it. I hit the last turn in an

almost perfect way which

allowed me to keep all my speed

for the last section," he said.

"It's a fast and challenging race

with all kinds of turns and nice

The 26-year-old Austrian all-

This was the second Super-G

win of his career, following the

one in Les Menuires last year.

rounder has wins in all events

except the downhill.

Zina Garrison (4).

round byes.

jumps."

Rosset of Switzerland (8).

American Scott Davis.

the end of the match after angry protests against the sending-off by Hearts' manager Joe Jordan

and goalkeeper Henry Smith. Woking started Saturday as a little-known, non-league side given only a 5,000-1 chance of

winning the F.A. Cup.
Thanks to Buzagio, a 29-yearold computer operator who plays soccer in his spare time. they ended the day as national

The English love nothing better than an underdog and so Woking, the only non-league side to go through to the last 32 of the cup, will be assured of country-wide support then they play the next round later this Woking manager Geoff Chap-

ple, himself a financial consultant from an insurance firm, was thrown into the dressing-room bath hy his delighted players including a fireman, a hank clerk, a salesman and an engineer - after the shock win at West Bromwich.

"This is the greatest day I bave ever bad in soccer," he said. "They were all magnificent.

Fifty-one coachloads of woking fans trekked north to see the lanky Buzaglo score three goals in 14 minutes of the second half of the club's first third-round cup appearance in history.

'It wasn't down to me - it was a wonderful team effort," the striker said. "I dreamed of just getting one goal so to score a hat-trick was unbelievable."

Union (5), Jana Novotna of

Czechoslovakia (6), Barbara Paulus of Austria (7) and Amy Frazier of the United States (8).

The tournament offers prize

Last week Seles said that win-

ning the Hopman Cup team

tournament with compatriot

Goran Prpic had left her

New South Wales Open orga-

nisers said Seles would decide

whether to play in the Australian

Open, the first Grand Slam

tournament of 1991. Thursday,

tion (WTA) tried unsuccessfully

to lure one of the other 1990

Grand Slam title holders - Stef-

fi Graf, Martina Navratilova or

Gabriela Sahatini - to replace

proving my form," Mader said.

I'm racing in all four events and

Girardelli's time was 1:21,29

faster than I was in December."

said Girardelli, another all-

rounder who is considered one

of the favourites for the overall

Girardelli has no victories this

season, but said be was pleased

"I am skiing better now, I'm

Seles in the draw.

it's very demanding."

with his progress.

The Women's Tennis Associa-

money totaling \$125,000.

drained.

Kulti takes first senior tennis title in Australia

ADELAIDE, Australia (R) -Sweden's Niclas Kulti graduated to the big time Sunday, winning his first senior title by beating Germany's Michael Stich 6-3 1-6 6-2 in the final of the Australian Men's Hardcourt Tournament.

The 19-year-old, the world's top junior in 1989, took the first set in just 26 minutes against the sixth seed, who was playing his third match in two days.

But Stich, who appeared to be carrying an ankle injury, fought hack courageously to take the second set in 29 minutes.

Unseeded Kulti was leading 1-0 the deciding set when rain forced a 30-minute delay. The break disturbed Stich's rhythm and Kulti's accurate first serve and fierce seturn of serve earned him a deserved victory.

Knlti, who lost his first final in Prague last August, said: "It feels great. I don't know the

right words, I don't know if bappy is big enough." Kulti said during the rain interruption he took heed of coach Martin Bohm's advice. "I changed my game a little bit. After the break I played more top spin and higher balls."

A brilliant backhand top spin lob secured a break in the sixth game of the final set and from that point Kulti never looked

Stich, ranked 42 in the world, said he lost concentration during the enforced interval.

"The problem for me was to stay mentally tough, but that was difficult because yesterday I had to play two tough matches (against Jimmy Arias and second seed Jim Courier)," said Stich who served 12 aces in the match but made too many nnforced

Sukova wins Danone Open

BRISBANE, Australia (AP) — Second-seeded Helena Sukova of Czechoslovakia overpowcred Japan's Akiko Kijimuta 6-4, 6-3 Sunday to win the \$150,000 Danone Open Women's Tennis

Sukova needed only 74 minutes to heat the unsecded Kijimuta and win the event at the Milton Tennis Centre for the third time. Her other victories came in 1984 and 1989.

strenth to hit a succession of forehand winners and force Kiiimuta into errors. She also served strongly, hitting five aces. Sukova, 25, earned \$27,000 for the eighth singles victory of her career and her first in over a year. She went through the

"I'm so happy to be holding this troohy. It is a great feeling and it makes all the bard work worthwhile," Sukova said.

"It has been a great week for me and a good way to start the year," said Kijimutta, whose ranking will drop from 115th to the mid-50s, according to Women's Tennis Association

during the tournament and had been bidding to win the first professional tournament of her career. It was only her second final in seven years on the tour. Sukova had to hold off two surges by Kijimuta, who rallied from 1-5 both sets before suc-

cumbing. The tall Czechoslovak player reversed a staight sets loss to Kijimuta in the 1989 French

Sukova beat unseeded American Linda Harvey-Wild 6-1, 6-1 earlier Sunday in a semi-final that had been delayed by rain. Snkova took barely an hour to

win the match, dominating the 19-year-old American, who was playing the first Kraft General Foods Tour semi-final of her

Kijimuta rallied from 1-2 down in the deciding set to beat Larisa Savchenko of the Soviet Union 6-2, 5-7, 6-2 in the other semi-final Sunday. Kijimuta had led 6-2, 4-4

when rain halted play Saturday. The tournament, played on

synthetic rebound ace courts, was one of a series of warmup events for the Australian Open. which begins on Jan 14 at the National Tennis Centre in Melbourne.

ings." Kijimuta, 22, beat three seeds

Championship.

through the rocky southern Li-

byan desert. Three-time winner Vatanen, who crossed the line half an hour behind Auriol, is now trailing Ickx by six minutes and 25 seconds in the provisional overall standings. Ickx lost the lead to Vatanen Friday.

Frenchman Pierre Lartigue, in a Mitsubishi, is third a further 32 seconds behind.

Snkova used her greater

tournament without dropping a

Kijimuta earned \$12,000 as

officials.

"Helena was too strong for me today, but I've learned I can play consistently and rise up the rank-

PARIS (R) — Jacky Icks of Belgium recaptured the lead

from Citroen team mate Ari

Vatanen of Finland Saturday in '

ne fourth stage of the Paris-

Ickx finished in second place

some 16 minutes behind French-

man Hubert Auriol's Lada in the

681-km stage as other competi-tors struggled to find their way

Kakar rally between Ghat and

Tumu, in Libya.

Belgian retakes lead

in Paris-Dakar Rally

Swiss becomes Skiing World Cup overall leader "I had some problems in the "It was a tough course but I earlier races but I am now im-

CHEN, Germany (AP) -Guenther Mader of Austria won the second men's Super-G of the season Sunday and Franz Heinzer of Switzerland became the new skiing Vorld Cup overall leader by placing second.

Heinzer picked up 20 points for second and vaulted over Alberto Tomba of Italy. Tomba, who dislikes the speedy downhill and Super-G races, skipped the Garmisch-partenkirchen events.

Heinzer, who also picked up eight points by finishing eighth in Saturday's Downhill, now has 104 points to 97 for Tomba. Marc Girardelli of Luxem-

bourg, who finished third Sunday and picked up 15 points, moved into third overall with 93. Mader posted a time of one minute, 23.95 seconds to clinch the sixth World Cup victory of

his career. Heinzer, who also placed

second in the first Super-G of

1990 Tribune Media Services, In-

North-South vulnerable. South

EAST

NORTH

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94 + Q7 SOUTH

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GOREN BRIDGE

the season in Valloire, France, had a time of 1:21.21.

"I am a little surprised to be leading in the World Cup, but right now I am not thinking of the overall title. There are too many slaloms and giant slaloms left," said Heinzer, who also leads the downbill and Super-G standings.

Heinzer was fourth out of the gate, after the three earlier racers all missed gates. They were Olympic champion and winner of the season's first Super-G Franck Piccard of France, and two Swedes, Niklas Henning and

Lars-Boerje Eriksson. "I was aware of what happened to them and I think I was a bit more cautious, I slowed down at the gates." Heinzer said. "It's better to be second

than not to finish." Mader, starting immediately after Heinzer, hlazed through the course that had several sharp curves and sudden jumps.

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts



HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY JANUARY 7, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson. Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

how much work you have to do so don't fool yourself by pretending GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a good time to see that everyits less but add new ways of doing thing around you is in good working order and to let those around and lose not time. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) This is the time whan you can bave one of your most pleasant and you know that you are a perfec-tionist who want to improve all

your various outlets. happiest times and every spare moment should be used getting ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Unusual friends want to do some-thing for you that should please you very much either in finishing a more active time. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Your next of kin expects you to do something that may take some of your valuable time but its project or starting e new undertak-TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

You have some civic project that

can wisely claim your attention every spare moment today so be

sure that you do get out and do it

GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21) You

have a big chance to show your various new allies that you are

endowed with a brilliant and open

mind and come up with the right

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) You can certainly get rid of those unfinished payments now

and show others you are the one

who is devoted to your admiring

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You

find you can sit down and discuss

with a partner where you are headed and what needs to be done

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Look for the silver lining in some deal or interest you have with a usual associate which has been belayed but in which you

well worth it since you stand to

CAPRICGRN: (December 22 to January 20) There are some pretty interesting methods by which you can gain the good will of a businessman who has the knowbow to help you with a project.

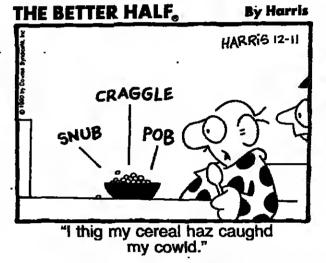
AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) This is your day to take a good long look at youself and make the decisions just what you need to do to improve your appearance and health. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You certainly have many uni-

.

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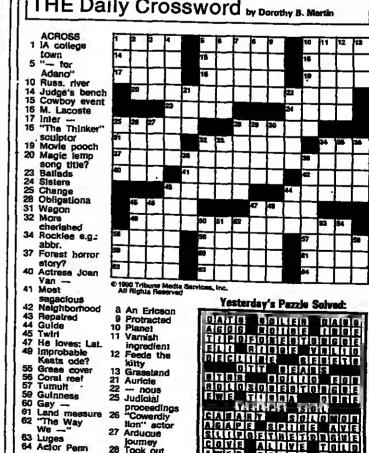
of an amazing nature to enlarge a que conditions to do something about so get off alone, delve into new project. them and come up with the VIRGO: (August 22 to September answers that you need.



TUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME Unacramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each aquare, to form n **ENPAC** ILLEB

WHOEVER SAID THAT **SELUNS** MONEY GROWS ON TREES DIDN'T KNOW THAT YOU'VE AL50 GOT TO ---TROBEH Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suged by the above cartoon. Jumbles: MAKER COUGH TRIBAL HARROW

Answer: As she did this, words passed between them—THREW THE BOOK AT HIM THE Daily Crossword by Dorothy B. Martin



559 Otherwise Colt's mo Sycamore Asterisk "Dallas"

48 Men 50 Criticizes

Center Pilaf

DOWN

WEST

South

• 6 . J985

AKO2 ♣ J 10 9 4

Pass Pass 3 * Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of Pass declarers.

There is nothing unusual about today's hand, except that it is misplayed more often than it is played correctly. The possibility of a trump finesse creates a blind spot for most The auction is simple enough. North is too strong for a single raise in hearts, but lacks the fourth trump needed for a limit raise [and the

strength for a forcing raise). The solution is a temporizing bid of one

spade, followed by s jump prefer-

NEUTRALIZE A BAD BREAK-THE RIGHT WAY ence in hearts, which is not forcing in the modern style.

If trumps are 3-2, there's no problem in taking 11 tricks. What if hearts break 4-1? The defenders start with three rounds of diamonds, and most declarers ruff and cash the king and ace of trumps to discover the trump distribution. If East has the long trumps, declarer is in a position to finesse the ten, draw all the frumps and claim the rest of the tricks, making five-odd.

But what if West turns up with the four hearts. The declarers then lurn their attention to the spade suit. Unfortunately, West ruffs the second spade and exits with a trump, and declarer still has to lose a couple of club tricks for down

two.

The hand is almost 100 simple for words. After ruffing the diamond, declarer should cash the king and queen of trumps from hand. If both defenders follow, all's well. If either shows out on the second heart, de-clarer abandons trumps and starts to run spades. When the second spade is ruffed, declarer can win any reium, enier dummy while drawing the last trump with the ace, and cash the high spades for two club dis-cards from the closed hand. The contract is guaranteed.

bank quits Bahrain

BAHRAIN (R) — Bank Bumi-putra Malaysia Berhad said Saturday it had closed its offshore hanking unit (OBU) in Bahrain on Dec. 31.

The decision was taken in line with the bank's policy to rationalise ... overseas operations. It does not reflect on the present 'Gulf crisis," the bank said in a statement.

A spokesman for the bank said it would not leave a representative office on the island. He gave no further details.

The move hrings the number of OBUS in Bahrain , the Middle East's main financial centre. to around 50 from a peak of 75 in the mid-1970s.

Senior executives in Gulf International Bank (GIB), the island's second-biggest OBU, said Thursday GIB was terminating the contracts of all international staff in Bahrain as part of a review speeded np hy the Gulf

Many OBUs in Bahrain have been hadly hit by the loss of deposits and international confidence following Iraq's takeover

Sudan starts pumping oil

KHARTOUM (R) — Sudan said Sunday that oil was flowing at a well in the western Kordofan region in a field ahandoned by the U.S. Chevron Corporatioo because of civil war in

Radio Omdurman said Sudan's military leader Omar Hassan Al Bashir visited the Aho Jebra Well (three) some 780 kilometres southwest of the capital Khartoum, Saturday.

It said the drilling and produc-

tion works were undertaken hy Sudanese engineers and techni-The oil would be used to

geoerate electricity and operate factories, the radio said without giving further details.

It quoted Bashir as saying that rely on the efforts of its people and not on foreign experts in exploiting its resources.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES Sunday, January 6, 1991

Central Bank official rates

Buy 663.0 667.0 1284.0 1291.7 Pound Sterling Deutschemark 1284.0 1291.7 440.9 443.5 520.8 523.9 129.8 130.6 492.2 495.2 390.9 393.2 117.6 118.3 Swiss franc French franc Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown ttalian lira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)

Car in very good condition.

Malaysian | Italy registers 6.1% inflation for last year

the Gulf crisis.

Unless war breaks ont in the the year if oil stays calm.
Sulf, economic analysts expect a Analysts noted that Italy, with Gulf, economic analysts expect a growth in Europe slows.

1990 of 6.1 per cent, the Nation- partners, Britain excluded. al Statistics Institute has

1990 rise, opdated in September 'apart and a general election is to six per cent. Analysts' fore- called in the spriog, some casts for 1991 are between 5.5 analysts believe.

invasion of Kuwait sent oil prices month and threatening to make

energy needs and buys nearly all against the German currency in its oil abroad.

Oil prices soon subsided and were offset slightly by the weak-er dollar, in which crude is inflation this year will be the priced, but not before some expected slowdown in the eco-Italy could escape seven per cent Western European neighbours. inflation in 1990.

ROME (R) - Italian consumer talked about when the Gulf crisis prices rose an average 6.1 per began," said Vanessa Rossi, cent in 1990, higher than govern- chief European economist with ment forecasts hut lower than Swiss Bank Corp in London. She had been feared at the start of expected prices to be down to around 5.5 per cent by the eod of

gradual easing of inflation this its chronic budget deficits and year as oil prices ease and persistent failure to curb pay Prices rose 6.4 per cent year-to inflation that has left it well on-year in December, down above the average of around slightly from 6.5 in November, four per cent enjoyed by the rest for an average annual increase in of its Europeao Community

The tendency towards overspending may actually increase The government last year had in 1991 if, as expected, Italy's forecast a 5.5 per cent average five-party ruling coalition falls

Inflation in Italy had been A question mark remains over drifting down during the spring but started to climb after Iraq's record lows against the mark last imports more expensive, Italy imports 60 per cent of its although it has rehounded the last week.

But in general analysts believe analysts had wondered whether nomy in line with those of its

The big imponderable remains 'I think people are relatively the Gulf. A full-scale war could surprised to see a 1990 figure in drive oil prices np as high as \$70 this range instead of the seven or a barrel for a while from around seven and a half per cent being \$28 now, many experts believe:

EC proposes loan to bolster reforms in Czechoslovakia

BRUSSELS (R) - The European Commissioo has proposed a European Community (EC) loan of around \$500 millioo to bolster Czechoslovakia's transformation from a communist command economy to a free market system, a spokesman

If approved by the 12 EC governments, the loan would form part of a \$1 billion package states in the Gulf.

A commission spokesman told reporters the EC loan would be for a maximum of 375 million European Currency Units (\$415 million at today's exchange rate). It would be for a maximum of seven years and paid in two instalments.

The first tranche would be paid ooce Czechoslovakią reached agreement with the International Monetary Fuod (IMF) on a stand-hy accord under which Prague would receive financial help for following economic policies agreed with the fund.

The loan is in response to a

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request last October hy the Czech governmeot for help with its reform programme, which has been handicapped by the

Gulf crisis and the end of the

Soviet-led Comecoo soft curren-

cy trading system. It is designed to support Czechoslovakia's halance of payments now that oil prices have risen and Soviet eoergy supplies have to be paid for in hard involving other developed com- currency. It would also be used tries and some wealthy Arah to help make the crown a fully

coovertible currency. Poland and Hungary, pioneer reformers among the former commuoist states of East Enrope, have both already received similar loans from the EC and other developed coun-

An EC summit last month agreed to examine requests for help from other East European

beefs up net profit and assets

BAHRAIN (R) — Bahrain's Investcorp Bank said that despite the Gulf crisis it had a record net profit in 1990 of \$66.3 million, up 28 per cent over the previous year.

Owned hy shareholders in six Gulf Arab states, the bank made a net profit of \$51.8 million in

A bank statement published in newspapers Sunday said its assets rose to \$943.9 million at the end of 1990 from \$813.9 million a year ago. Operating income rose to \$99.25 million in 1990 against \$77.17 millioo in

The hank, established eight years ago. recommended a \$15 million cash dividend to share holders, unchanged from 1989-

Inflation in Uruguay hits 129%

MONTEVIDEO (AP) - The cost of living increased hy 5.1 per cent in December, hringing the 1990 total to 129 per cent, the highest level in 23 years, the government has reported.

The total significantly exceeded the 1989 level of 89 per ceot, and fell just short of the record high 136 per cent tallied

The nine-mooth-old govern-meot of President Luis Lacalle has targeted inflation as a top priority. By fiscal economies, the monthly rate was throttled io December from a rate of 11.7 per ceot three months earlier.

NEW YORK (R) - The Orga-

nisation of Petroleum Exporting

Countries (OPEC) boosted its

December output to a nine-

mooth high, more than making

up for the loss of Iraqi and

Kuwaiti oil, a Reuter survey has

Estimates derived from offi-

cial, industry and shipping

sources in Asia, the Middle

East, Europe and the Americans

Investcorp | Yeltsin sharpens row with Moscow

MOSCOW (R) — Russian Federation leader Boris Yeltsin sigoalled this weekend he would press his challenge to President Mikhail Gorbachev over the Soviet hudget, deepening gloom on the outlook for the country's crisis-ridden economy.

At the same time, Soviet commentators expressed strong concern over the slow pace at which Gorhachev and his team were moving towards economic reform and creating the market system the Kremlin chief has long said he wants.

Yeltsin, Gorhachev's main political rival and president of the parliament of the giant federation, told Soviet journalists Saturday that Russia would refuse to meet Kremlin demands on payments into the central union hudget.

"I think their request is indecent," the widely-popular Yelt-

sin said. He declared that Russia had no intention of paying more than 78 hillion roubles of a total of 105 billion demanded by Soviet Finance Minister Valentine Pav-

The Soviet state hank sets two exchange rates for the rouble -an official one of 0.56 roubles to the U.S. dollar now largely used for statistical calculations, and a commercial one of 1.68 to the dollar used for most transac-

Yeltsio's stand clearly dispelled optimism that coofrontation between several Soviet republics and the central government over the union hudget and plan for 1991 had been defused at a Kremlin meeting Thursday.

It also left little doubt that another major political hattle layahead between Yeltsin and Gorbachev who appeared to have sunk their differences late last year and agreed to work for radical economie change.

Pessimism over the prospects for an economic hreakthrough in the near future was reinforced by comments io the authoritative oewspaper Izvestia and the husi-

OPEC more than makes up

for loss of Iraqi, Kuwaiti oil

November.

and Kuwait.

resolved.

show that OPEC increased its

output to 23.55 millioo harrels

per day, up hy 480,000 from

The increase closed the four

Saudi Arahia made up almost

At their twice-yearly meeting last

their twice-yearly meeting last

mooth, OPEC's 13 members

voted to exteod an agreement

reached in August to suspend

output until the Gulf crisis is

Sources said some members,

war and to defuse the impact

half the increase, with hig gains

also in Iran, the United Arah

Emirates and Indooesia.

million barrel per day gap left by embargoes on crude from Iraq

Izvestia, citing official figures already published predicting an overall decline of 1.5 per cent in industrial output for 1991, suggested government calculations that the budget deficit could be

held down were dubious. Measures to create a market system included in a Gorhachev programme approved by the Soviet parliament last year were being implemented "not only with extreme slowness but also with amazing timidity", economic analyst Yury Rytov said.

Kommersant said that although the Gorbachev team continued to pay lip service to a market economy, "every step it takes in that direction is so fraught with loopholes and contradictions that it amounts to standing still."
On Saturday, the Kremlin

chief issued a decree aimed at putting up to five million hectares (12 million acres) of land inefficiently used hy state and collective farms into the hands of individual and cooperative far-

But, unlike a law recently passed by the Russian Parliament, the decree made no allowance for private ownership. It also effectively left to local officials, who are often opposed to reform, the decisions oo what land is to be handed over.

Gorbachev told Soviet television after the Thursday meeting. the first of his new Federation Council grouping top officials from all 15 republics, that an economic agreement for the oew year had been reached.

The Supreme Soviet, the unioo legislature, opens its first session of 1991 Tuesday with the hudget and plan for the year, in the past always finalised well in advance, as the top item on its agenda.

But Yeltsin said the ceotral government - a large portion of whose funds goes towards maintaining the restless armed forces - "will not take more from us than is appropriate".

But they said world produc-

tion capacity remains tight, de-

spite rapid efforts by OPEC

mishaps in the major oil produc-

ing areas or demand shocks,"

said Michael Rothman, a vice

"Physically there is no shor-tage of oil. But the reality is that

even though you have a halance

between supply and demand, it

Sources estimated that Saudi

Arabia's share of output was

8.28 million harrels per day in

December, excluding output from an area shared with

Kuwait. It represents increases

of about 230,000 harrels per day

from November and nearly three

million harrels per day from

pre-invasion levels.

is a delicate one," he added.

president at Merril Lynch.

"There is oo fat to tolerate

members to step in.

mand.

Major admits **British economy** is in recession

ter John Major acknowledged in an interview broadcast Sunday that Britain was in the grip of a recession that could last for several months.

But Major, in his first full television interview sioce becoming prime minister nearly six weeks ago, said he did not think it would be as deep as the trough in the early 1980s and gave a generally upheat assessment of future economic prospects.

"It is technically a recession because output has fallen (since last July)," the prime minister told TV-AM's Frost On Sunday programme.

Major's comments were his clearest acknowledgement to date that the country was in a

He said he believed the recession would last "for a few months vet to come." but added: "I don't believe it will he as serious as the one in the early U.S. President George Bush

said Friday that the United States could be in a "shallow"

In the interview, taped two days ago, Major said he saw clear signs inflation was coming down and insisted that interest rates would follow. "We are coovinced that infla-

tion is going to come down. The signs are unmistakeahle," he said. "Interest rates will be likely to follow the inflation rate Major and his Chancellor of

the Exchequer Norman Lamont cut interest rates, now topping years.

before inflation — currently at 9.7 per cent — is beaten. Chancellor himself until he

took over after Margaret Thatcher's resignation, Major drove home that message Sun-

Asked whether he would consider a devaluation if the pound came under pressure or in any other circumstances, he replied: "no." He said Britain remained committed to keeping sterling within the hands set when it joined the Exchange Rate Mechanism (ERM) of the European Monetary System (EMS) last October.

"You enter into a commitment when you go into the Exchange Rate Mechanism to keep sterling within the hands and that is what we will do. I don't think anyhody should be in any doubt ahout that. We are determined to beat inflation out," he

Major also reiterated his opposition to a single European

"It is simply not a wise policy until you have economies at some stage in the future that are much more closely aligned than anything we can perceive at the moment in Europe," he noted,

He said he expected further increases in unemployment in the next few mooths but refused to cite a figure. Unemployment figures jumped by 57,600 last November to more than 1.76 million --- the higgest moothly say they are determined not to increase in more than eight

U.S. carmakers post lower sales

DETROIT (R) - Sales of U.S. per cent. built cars revived with an 8.3 per Saturday, but the good oews/was not eoough to rescue the industry from one of its most dismal

Car sales for the year fell 3.1 per cent on a daily-rate hasis. with industry analysts hlaming the economic slowdown for worseoing the car iodustry's prohlems.

"Problems in the economy deepened a recession already goiog on in car sales," said David Healy of Barclays de Zoette Wedd.

Truck sales continued their slide, falling 16.2 per cent to 112,755. For the full year, domestic truck sales were at 4,139,922 units, down 5.4 per cent on a daily-rate basis.

The big three U.S. carmakers each showed late December gains, with Chrysler Corp up 17.4 per cent, Geoeral Motors (G.M.) Corp. gaining 8.4 per cent and Ford Motor Co. up 0.7

Monday, and Wednesday.

for registration.

But for the year, the U.S.

cent gain in late December, producers saw their sales drop at according to figures released the expense of the Japanese. dipped 13.6 per cent, Ford was down 10.7 per cent and G.M. had a 4.5 per cent loss.

Robert Rowey, vice president of North American sales for Ford, called the full-year figures "disappointing, with a weak economy and concerns about ioternational uncertainties pulling

auto sales down." At the same time, Honda saw a full-year gain of 18.8 per cent, while Toyota sales surged 63.6 per cent. The sales figures do not include cars imported by the

Japanese nanufacturers. Some gaios in the luxury car sector, prompted by an effort hy consumers to beat a new Jan. 1 luxury tax, failed to significantly hoost overall car sales.

Industry experts say that if the current economic slowdown worseos, carmakers could slide into a morass not seen since the early 1980s.

ARABIC FOR SPEAKERS

OF OTHER LANGUAGES

The Language Centre at the University of Jordan

announces that the intensive course in Modern Standard

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on January 26, and will last for 16 weeks.

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ANNOUNCEMENT

As originally planned, the American Community School will resume all classes (K-12) after Christmas break on January 9,1991

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Polish premier sets lofty goals but Walesa holds the reins

WARSAW (R) - Jan Krzysztof as Poland's prime minister by promising dynamic economic reform, but real power lies firmly with President Lech Walesa as the country heads for quick elec-

Bielecki, the radical young economist picked by Walesa to succeed Tadeusz Mazowiecki injected new blood into the cabinet and told parliament Sasturday he would step up the drive towards a Western-style free market.

"We want to clear the field for human energy and enterprise." he said in his first major policy

"The changes so far have not brought full results. Many essential matters are still to be resolved... the task of the new government is to awaken individual ambitions and national aspirations, giving new dynamics to the reforms," he said.

But the 39-year-old Solidarity deputy little known in Poland until his nomination by Walesa, has only a short time to produce

COLOMBO (AP) — The Tamil

Tiger rehels said Sunday they

were convening an urgent meet-

ing to study what they called

continuing ceasefire violations

by Sri Lankan government

Sri Lankan government forces

are construed by the (Tiger)

leadership as a provocation."

the guerrilla group said in a

"Despite these provocations,

the (Tiger) leadership is

genuinely looking forward to a

return to normalcy and starting

negotiations," the statement

It did not say where or when the Tiger leaders will meet or

what action would be contem-

The Tigers claimed an army sniper killed a guerrilla named

Amalan Friday on the Jaffna

peninsula, 300 kilometres north

of Colombo. It was the first

casualty the Tigers have acknow-

ledged since they declared a

statement.

plated.

The ceasefire violations by

Free elections to parliament. still two-thirds dominated by former Communists and their allies, are expected within a few months, restricting Bielecki to a

transitional role. Some commentators and politicians also question how much power Walesa, elected president on Dec. 9, will allow his prime minister to wield.

NEWS ANALYSIS

Nothing indicates that Bielecki is a strong enough personality to be an equal partner of parliament in talks over its policies." Solidarity parliamentarian Ryszard Bugaj told Reuters last

"We also need clarification of who is in fact taking decisions and where they are being taken. There is a danger that decisions will be taken on the other side of the toad," he added.

The Belvedere Presidential Palace now occupied by Walesa stands across the street from the

unilateral ceasefire starting New

fighting since 1983 for a home-

land for the Tamil minority.

accused the Sinhalese.

dominated government of violat-

ing the ceasefite five times be-

tween Thursday and Saturday.

On Saturday, the Tigers accused the government of violat-

ing the ceasefire nine times since

Tuesday. The government ac-

cused the Tigers of breaking the

denied their troops had opened

fire on the Tigers. After the

Tigets made their ceasefire

offer, the military ordered its

men to stop all offensive actions

for 10 days while the govern-

ment studied the guerrilla prop-

"Troops are under strict

orders and have taken action

only when rebels sent probes

into our positions," one military

official said, speaking on condi-

osal to resume peace talks.

Military officials in Colombo

peace at least four times.

The rebels, who have been

Rebels call urgent meeting on

Sri Lankan ceasefire violations

prime minister's office in the council of ministers building. Criticism of Walesa has

mounted in recent days over his moves to form a presidential council of influential advisers which, opponents say, could bypass the government and par-

Walesa has denied trying to form a "super-government" but his spokesman Andrezj Drzy-cinski said last week: "One can clearly say that all big politics are moving to the Belvedere."

Another poser for Bielecki is whether Poles will stomach more of the tough free-market policies which they appeared to reject in the presidential election by giving Mazowiecki just IS per cent of the first-round vote.

While taming inflation and building the foundation of a free-market economy, the austerity policies of Mazowiecki's Finance Minister Leszek Balcerowicz plunged state-owned industry into deep recession, cut real incomes by a third and caused unemployment to shoot

non of anonymity. He said three

soldiers had been wounded by

tebel fire since the Jan. 1 cease-

International Alert, a

London-based human rights

organisation, suggested Satur-

day that the ceasefire be moni-

tored by the International Com-

minee of the Red Cross and the

U.N. High Commissioner for

But Sri Lanka's army com-

mander. Lt.-Gen. Hamilton

Wanasinghe, said Sunday the

tion very carefully and will make

a final assessment when the gov-

ernment's 10-day period sus-

pending offensive operation is

over. Until then we don't think

there is any need for anybody to monitor the ceasefire," Wana-

The government has said it is

studying the "genuineness" of the Tigers' offer to reopen peace

We are watching the situa-

suggestion was premature.

Despite this, Bielecki retained Balcerowicz as finance minister and even boosted his tatus by naming him his only deputy - a clear signal that policy will stay Premier:

Pakistan

bow for aid

ISLAMABAD (R) — Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif said Sun-

day Pakistan would not seek economie aid by bowing before

any power - apparently mean-

ing the United States - or aban-

don its controversial nuclear

energy programme.
"We will not bend our princi-

ples, no matter someone gives us

aid or not," he said in a speech in the Punjab province town of

The remarks seemed to be

directed against the suspension

of all economic and military aid

to Islamabad by the United

States since last October over a

peaceful atomic energy prog-

ramme and not compromise on

it at any cost," the Pakistan News Agency (APP) quoted Sharif as telling a campaign rally

for patliamentary by-elections to

he held Thursday.

He said bis two-month-old government would "not bow be-

fore any power for economic

This was the latest in a series

of strong statements by Pakistani

leaders in recent weeks about

The two sides opened formal talks to resolve the issue last

month and more meetings are

But a Pakistan government source said last week there was

only a 10 per cent chance for the

restoration of the \$564 million

The aid was halted under the

so-called Pressler Amendment

legislation after President

George Bush refused to certify

to the U.S. Congress that Pakis-

tan does not have nuclear

Islamabad denies having or

making nuclear weapons and re-gards the 1985 Pressler Amend-

ment as grossly unfair because it

applies only to Pakistan and not

to its traditional foe Iodia, which

exploded a nuclear device in

"Pakistan will continue its

will not

Toba Tek Singh.

nuclear row.

the aid cutoff.

likely later.

largely unchanged.
Foreign Minister Krzysztof Skubiszewski and three other Mazowiecki ministers also kept their places, but Bielecki gave some key portfolios to radicals like himself.

The grey-bearded prime minister stressed that he would speed up privatisation of smaller companies, liquidate decaying state-owned factories and press ahead with banking teform and the creation of a stock exchange and capital market.

But he acknowledged the need for quick, visible results and not just further hardship. We understand that unpopular decisions should bring the tesults expected by society," he

The effectiveness of our acrivities... will be confirmed n the everyday life of Polish families. Not words but deeds will count,

13 killed in Indian bus accident

JAMMU India (AP) - A bus swerved off a mountain road in Jammu-Kashmir state, killing 13 passengers and injuring 34 others, officials said Saturday.

kilometres northeast of Jammu, the state's summer capital.

Small plane crashes in U.S., 6 killed

- A small plane crashed in a pasture near the municipal airport Saturday, killing all six people on board, authorities said.

Oklaboma Highway Patrol dispatcher Todd Riggs said late Saturday the crash occurred during takeoff.

According to the flight plan filed through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) office in McAlester, the plane was leaving Muskogee for Albuquerque. New Mexico, said Allene Thompson, an FAA spokeswoman in the Fort Worth. Texas. office.

The crasb occurred at 8:11 o.m. (0241 GMT) near Davis Field, an old military base four miles (6.4 kilometres) southeast of Muskogee now used for private and military flights.

The names of the six victims had not been released late Satur-

Bearl Davis. on whose land the plane crashed, said he and his wife. Atla, were watching television when they saw a flash

and results that you can see."

The driver apparently lost control when a cassette player in a compartment above fell on his head. Press Trust of India quoting police as saying.

Nine of the injured were hospitalised with serious injuries following the accident, in which the bus plunged off a muddy mountain road into a river bed. the news agency said.

The accident occured 140

VIENNA (R) - Albania's ruling Communists, in a move which appeared to meet a key oppostion demand ahead of

multi-party elections, pardoned more than 200 political prisoners and said others jailed for political crimes might be freed. The Presidium of the People's

Assembly, chaired by President Ramiz Alia, granted 202 par-MUSKOGEE, Oklahoma (AP) | dons at a meeting Saturday, the Albanian news agency ATA re-The presidium also "charged

defection," ATA said.

tic Party, which will mount the first challenge in 46 years to Alia's Communist Party of Labour in patliamentary elections set for Feb. 10, had demanded the immediate release of all

Albania frees 202 political prisoners

by telephone from Tirana.

and means of support.

as treason punishable by death. It also reported for the first

er after more than four decades

til May so that it can organise an effective challenge, a demand

laid down new guidelines on the use of firearms by border guards and other security forces, but it did not make clear if orders to shoot at would-be escapers had

been found and new Police Commissioner Patrick Culligan said Saturday that finding them

East Pakistan.

continent ended.

The former princely state of

Kashmir was divided between

India and Pakistan in 1947 when

British colonial rule of the sub-

Muslim militants in India's

Jammu-Kashmir state have

waged a secessionist uprising de-

manding either independence or

union with Pakistan. Jammu-Kashmir is the only Muslim-

dominated state in the predomi-

India has accused Pakistan of

arming and training the mili-

tants. Islamabad denies the

charges, but has offered political

and moral support for the mili-

nantly Hindu nation.

3 Pakistanis killed in

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan (AP)

Three people, including a 10-year-old boy, were killed

when Indian border guards opened fire along the troubled Kashmir fronder, according to

At least 15 people were in-jured in the three-hour incident

late Saturday, Pakistan's Urdu-

language newspapers claimed.

The reports did not say what

but we aren't told of civilian casualties," said a Pakistani

army spokesman, who spoke on

shadow of the Himalaya moun-

tain range, bas been the flash-point of wars between Pakistan

and India in 1948 and 1965.

PARIS (R) — Four Irishmen accused of trying to smuggle 150

tonoes of weapons and explo-

sives from Libya to Ireland for

the Irish Republican Army

(IRA) go on trial in Paris Mon-

The four men were arrested

off the French coast in 1987

abroad the cargo ship Eksund II.

which was carrying 2.5 tonnes of Semtex explosive, 20 SAM-7 ground-to-air missiles, anti-

aircraft guns, rockets, 100

Kalashnikov rifles and one mil-

The arrests were bailed as a

major breakthrough for Britain's

attempts to halt the IRA'S battle

against British rule of Northern

But it was revealed shortly

afterwards that the Eksund's

vovage from Libva had been the

Western intelligence sources

fifth such operation in two years.

say the four other ships deli-

vered weapons and explosives to

isolated Irish beaches, to be

picked up by Republican guerril-

las, Irish police concede that most of the IRA arms dumps have never

lion rounds of ammunition.

The disputed Kashmir, in the

4 Irishmen face charges

of smuggling arms to IRA

condition of anonymity.

"We haven't heard anything,

caused the guards to shoot.

news reports Sunday.

was his top priority.
Culligan said: "I am very conscious of the fact that hidden out there somewhere are very large stores of IRA guns, ammuninon

and explosives The Eksund's captain, 52year-old Adrian Hopkins, will be tried in absentia. He fled France after being granted provisional freedom last July and is

being held by Irish authorities.
Police say Hopkins was involved in a business venture. The three others on trial have all acknowledged being members of the IRA. They are Gabriel Cleary. 47, James Coll, 39, and James Doherty. 47.

The four are charged with illegal arms transport and face a maximum sentence of 10 years in prison if convicted. Franc's top anti-terrorist magis-.

trate Jean-Louis Bruguiere, who has led the investigation into the case, has also issued international arrest warrants for six Libyans he alleges were invloved in the

der in the past week. Many said

they were virtually waved

Shkoder were injured in clashes

with security forces when groups

of "disinformed people" tried to

force their way towards the

northern frontier with Yugosla-

via amid rumours that is had

They threw stones, bricks,

etc., as well as using firearms

against the forces of public

order. The forces of order

reacted," ATA said. The report did not make clear if security

Shkoder, a Catholic stron-

ghold, was one of four towns

where the army put down anti-

State television showed stone-

throwing demonstrators and

broken windows in the south-

western town of Lushnje after a

peaceful rally of the Democratic

Polo said the violence flared

when baton-wielding policemen

blocked off the main square

where the local Communist Par-

youths in the southeastern twon

of Korce when they chanted

'freedom' and "democracy" at

a Communist rally Friday, Polo

Police also dispersed 50 to 100

ty offices are located.

Communist riots last month.

been opened.

forces opened fire.

Party Friday.

ATA said four people from

through by border guards.

border clashes with India The nations fought in 1971 over Bangladesh, then known as

Man kills daughter jumped to his death

KOTA KINABALU Meles (R) - A man deserted by wife pushed his two your daughters to their deaths off high-rise building and the jumped after them, police in the east Malaysian state of Sabar said. Eng Chee How took he daughters, aged four and five, to the 15-storey town hall in Sandarkan Friday after a visit to the cinema. He blindfolded them pushed them off the building and jumped to his own death. Police said Eng. 26, was depressed be-cause his wife had left him facanother man.

More U.S. teenage girls do it

ATLANTA (R) — The percentage of adolescent American girls having sexual intercourse nearly doubled between 1970 and 1988, the U.S. Centres to Disease Control reported Frie day. CDC warned in a new study that teenage girls, whose sexual experimentation is beginning experimentation is beginning increasingly younger ages, are risking serious health consequences including infertility. cancer and death. In 1970 about 28.8 per cent of females between 15 and 19 reported they had premarital sexual interconrse.

By 1988, that percentage had increased to 51.5 per cent. Sevel. Aral, chief of behavioural studies for the CDC division charged with preventing the disease, said most teenageri werer not using safe sex practis.
The CDC said that only about 8.2 per cent of teenage women reported that they used con doms. Although the figure we twice the percentage using condoms in 1970, it was far of paced by the increased incident of sex among teenage There are vety serious her consequences apart of AIDS." Aral said. "(1) by the area of health education the area of health educated adolescents." Although all engage in sex with multiple parties and do not use a children are at risk for AIDS, women especially teenagers - risk other serious consequences, she said. Aral said cervical cancer wems to be clearly a sexually transmit-

Bikini-clad vendor is not a traffic hazard

cervical cancer.

ted condition and noted the virus

which causes genital warts and

genital herpes may be linked to

WEST PALM BEACH, Fiorida.

(AP) — Scantily clad hot-dog vendor Gloria Gonzalez in not a traffic hazard, officials said.

Palm Beacb County traffic officials teviewed accident records and videotaped lunch-hour traffic passing her accident several particular traffic passing her accident several particular traffic passing her accident several particular traffic passing her accident passing her acciden he passing her stand before concluding the Bikini-wearing woman provoked heckling but no safety problems. The effort, requested by Palm Beach County commissioners, took about 204 hours and cost several hundred dollars in staff time. "I know a that I didn't cause any accidents," Gonzalez said Thursday. dents," Gonzalez said I nursuay.
"If anything, I prevented accidents because they (drivers) wouldn't be going by so fast."
Gonzalez drew official notice last year when former commis-sioner Ron Howard sought to ban vendors wearing thong bikinis, just as Florida banned the bikinis on state beaches. "She is not a traffic hazard, so let's get on with more important things," Commissioner Carole Phillips

Honesty makes cop a hero in Brazil SAN PAULO, Brazil (AP) — In

Brazil, where poorly paid police men sometimes get charged with extortion or other crimes, and honest cop has become something of a celebrity. Sao Paulos state policeman Aurino Sales Da.

Costa is in the news because he found the equivalent of about \$600 in cash and \$74,000 in checks - and returned it. "All did was my duty," Da Costa to the O Estado De Sao Paulo newpaper. "I find it strange the people are surprised because E returned the money." The police department's press office said Da Costa, 33, who earns \$245 month, found the loot Wedness day in 10 pouches left in a gutter The pouches had been stoles from an armoured truck that collected the money from owners in a shopping centre-police said. The bandits about \$4,000 in cash an dumped the bags in a guitt apparently overlooking the checks and the remaining the office said. Police said Decosta will receive a medal for her honesty.

SAN SALVADOR (R) — The U.S. personnel killed in El U.S. ambassador to El Salvador Salvador since six intelligence off U.K. officers died in a helicopter crash in 1987. The preliminary conclusions dered in cold blood" after guetof the fotensic report showed that private Ernest Dawson died

ett died of four gunshot wounds Captain Glenn Wagner said. Both had survived the downing

Wagner said.

and Pickett were executed, he replied "yes". adding that he would sign their death certificates "homicide." The rebels have denied ex-

ecuting the men, who were returning to their permanent base in Honduras, saying they all died of injuries from the crash.

Salvador rebels executed U.S. advisers, envoy says

singhe said.

registered ship capsised in heavy Sunday and seven of its crew were missing, coastguards said.

A spokesman said helicopters rescued four crew members from the water and a lifeboat picked up another crewman later Sunday but his condition was not

But the survivors later reported that all crew members were on deck wearing lifejackets when their ship capsized. Most of Britain and Iteland

radio contact that it was listing

45 degrees. It was skippered by a Norwegian with a crew of mixed nationality, including Poles.

Meanwhile 13 people, including six Swiss tourists crushed a falling tree, were killed Satutday when Ireland was lashed by gale force winds and torrential rain,

shooting trip to western Ireland. and an Irish teenager were killed instantly when their van was crushed by an uprooted tree

"Their mini-bus was flattened by a massive tree that suddenly fell from a flooded field. The tree fell right across the centre of the bus. It was a horrific sight." said Dr. Sean Murphy after the worst accident of the storm took

The names of the Swiss, four men and two women all believed to be in their thirties, were not

Soviets reportedly found wreckage of KAL jet MOSCOW (API - The governdown the plane when it ment newspaper Izvestia has reported evidence that Soviet divers long ago discovered the wreckage of a Korean airliner

shot down by Soviet fighters in silent about the disaster, then Izvestia reported recently that unidentified high-tanking officials told one of its reporters that military divers "climbed all over" the Boeing 747, which went down into the Sea of Japan

on Sept. I 1983 Ali 269 people aboard were killed. But the newspaper said government agencies had refused to confirm the report, and it said it would not publish more details until it has thoroughly checked

the information. Izvestia did not say when the discovery took place, whether any bodies were found, or what was done with the wreckage of the KAL jet.

The destruction of Flight 007 caused an international outcry against the Soviet Union. Geroge Schultz, then U.S. Secretary of State, accused the Soviet Air Force of shooting accidentally straved over a military area during a flight from New York to Seoul via Anchorage. Alaska. Soviet officials initially kept

charged that the plane had invaded Soviet airspace on a secret spy mission. Several weeks after the disaster, the Soviet Union jurned over some debris - including

seal cushions, oxygen tanks and clothing — to U.S. and Korean officials. But the Soviet government

has never said it found the plane's fuselage or key electronic parts, such as the "black box" flight recorder. Aviation investigators had hoped that those components would show how and why the flight went off course.

Izvesna reported on the issue in a half-page article published on Dec. 20. It said the plane was discovered at a depth of several dozen metres off Maneron Island, near Sakhalin, a large island north of Japan.

The issue was brought up at a news conference Friday, but Soviet Foreign Ministry spokes-man Vitaly Churkin said he knew nothing about the report. Izvestia is published by the

Presidium of the Supreme Soviet Legislature. But like soviet newspapers in the Glasnost era, it has taken to occasional muckraking and sometimes criticises the government.

The Dec. 20 article reported that four U.S. senators had written to President Mikhail Gorbachev asking for the results of any Soviet investigation into the disaster. Izvestia suggested that it was

time for the Soviet Union to turn over whatever information it has on the incident and, if the evidence warrants, to accept blame for "a monstrous mistake,"

In an editor's note, the newspaper said one of its correspondents, Andrei Illesh, had visited the Soviet Air Base on Sakhalin shortly after the KAL-007 disas-

"At that time it simply was not possible to conduct a journalistic

marier." the note said. "However, our reportet was able to become acquainted with a series of supposedly documentary photographs, showing a number of things that, also supposedly, were recovered from the

admissions from some officials that specialists — military seamen - found the giant plane that had crashed into the Sea of Japan. Moreover, scuba divers. also military, dove to the sea bortom and climbed all over KAL-007 from one end to the

tion was difficult, because "none of the official organisations will

Bangladesh political leader calls for tightening border

ened security along Bangladesh's border with India 10 prevent illegal entry of foreigners who he said could interfere with forthcoming elections.

Abbas Ali Khan, chief of the Jamaat-E-Islami Party, said in a statement Sunday he was deeply concerned at reports of "illegal entry of people through diffecurrency.

Friday captured 10 members of the Indian Border Security Force (BSF) trying to kidnap a woman and loot property in a border village, newspaper re-

The villagers handed over the captured BSF men to Bang-ladesh Border Guards, police told reponers. Khan asked the country's in-

terim government, which has

vowed to make parliamentary

elections on Feb. 27 free and

patrols to stop illegal entry. Khan, leader of the country's third largest political group, said: 'illegal entry from the other side of the border would create a serious situation in the country .. and the coming elec-

The interim government headed by Acting President Shahabudding Ahmad took over on Dec. 6 after former President Hossain Mohannad Ershad resigned following a violent campaign by political parties and

creased in recent weeks.

"Many of those crossing into Bangladesh have relations in this country. Others include people who had fled to India years ago," one official at southern Satkhira district told reporters.

7 missing after ship capsizes

LONDON (R) - A Malteseseas off the British coast early

first light for other survivors from the overturned 1,000-tonne Kimya, about 16 miles southwest of the Welsh pon of Holyhead. Rescuers at first thought some

force 10 gale.

Saturday.

Portuguese and Ghanaians.

police said. The Swiss tourists, on a game-

place near his house.

agitation and propaganda and Fresh violence was reported

study and forward to its next meeting the question of granting pardons to all the other persons sentenced for political offences,

earlier in Eastern Europe's last outpost of Communist rule. jured when police clashed with people from the town of Shkoder who tried to cross into Yugos-

The new oppostion Democra-

all political prisoners and perhaps this is the first sign that this request was not a voice in

More than 4,000 refugees, the wilderness," Democratic Party spokesman Genc Polo said most of them ethnic Greeks, have poured into Greece across Albania's fortified southern bor-

June 12 last year.

said that only about 85 political prisoners were detained in the small Balkan state.

of Stalinist rule.

It wants elections delayed un-Alia has rejected.

been rescinded.

investigation on such a ticklish

"He also managed to get

The editor's note said verifica-

over the tragedy for seven years, rials that the relevant authorities undoubtedly have," it said.

has said he had concluded that two of three 'J.S. military advisers killed Wedneday were "mur-

rillas downed their helicopter. "I draw the conclusion (from a fotensic report] they were murdered in cold blood while in the custody of an armed unit of the (rebel) FMLN." Ambassador William Walket told a news con-

"With the testimony of the campesinos (peasants). I believe they were executed." he added. The three died after the FMLN (Farabundo Marti National Liberation Frontl rebels downed their helicopter with small arms fire near the

liminary results of a U.S. milit-

ary forensic report on the advis-

ers deaths were presented to

from a single shot to the head at close range from behind and that Lieutenant Colonel David Pickto the face, some also at close range, U.S. Navy forensic expert

of the helicopter, he added. Chief warrant officer Daniel Scott died of injuries sustained in the downing of the helicopter,

Asked if he believed Dawson village of Lolotique, 120 kilometres east of San Salvador. Walker spoke after the pre-

reporters at a news conference. The three advisers were the

DHAKA (R1 — A rightist political leader has called for tight-

rent points of border with huge (amounts of) arms and forged Villagers in the nonh Bangladesh district of Panchagarh

ports said.

tions could not be free and fair because of illegal interference by such entrants

students. Reports from the border areas say the influx of people from India, including Bangladeshis hiding to escape arrest, has in-

impartial. to strengthen border

immediately known. Divers joined the search at

crewmembers were trapped and possibly alive inside the ship, which turned over shortly after

sending a "mayday" signal in a

have been hit by gales since The Kimya, sailing from Spain for the nonhern English pon of Liverpool with a cargo of sunflower oil, reported before losing

near Galway.

ported. the competent state organs to

ATA said four people were in-

political prisoners. "It was our request to set free He said bis party would con-tinue to press for the release of all political detainess and the government must give them jobs

ATA said the 202 pardoned prisoners had been jailed for anti-state agitation and propcountry, an offence which until judicial reforms last May ranked

time that a further 191 political prisoners had been freed since The authorities had previously

The Democratic Party was formed as Albania's first non-Communist force amid unprecedented student and worker unrest in mid-December as Alia loosened his party's grip on pow-

ATA said the presidium also

Boeing.

either confirm or deny the

"Perhaps this anicle will help to clear the fog that has hung and the editorial board will be able to publish the official mate-